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No. 47) NEW DELHI, NOVEMBER 16-NOVEMBER 22, 2008, SATURDAY/KARTIKA 25-AGRAHAYANA 1, 1930

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह पृथक संकलन के रूप में रक्षा जा सके Separate Paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

> भाग II — खण्ड ३ — उप-खण्ड (ii) PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

भारत सरकार के पंत्रालयों (रक्षा मंत्रालय को छोड़कर) द्वारा जारी किए गए सांविधिक आदेश और अधिसूचनाएं Statutory Orders and Notifications Issued by the Ministries of the Government of ladia (Other than the Ministry of Defeace)

वित्त मंत्रालय

(राजस्व विभाग)

(केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड) नई दिल्ली, 12 नवंबर, 2008

का,आ. 3078.— सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी के लिए एल्ह्झरों यह अधिसूचित किया जाता है कि केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा आयकर नियमावली, 1962 (उक्त नियमावली) के नियम 5ग और 5ड. के साथ पठित आयकर अधिनियम, 1961 (उक्त अधिनियम) की धारा 35 की उपधारा (1) के खंड (iii) के प्रयोजनार्थ दिनांक 1-4-2002 से संगठन नेशनल इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ पब्लिक फाइनेन्स एण्ड पालिसी, नई दिल्ली को निम्नलिखित शतों के अधीन ऑशिक रूप से अनुसंघान कार्यकलारों में लगे "अन्य संस्थाः" की श्रेणी में अनुमोदित किया गया है, अर्थात:—

- (i) अनुमोदित संगठन को प्रदत्त राशि का उपयोग सामाजिक विज्ञान में अनुसंधान के लिए किया जाएगा;
- (ii) अनुमोदित संगठन अपने संकाय सदस्यों अथवा अपने नामांकित छात्रों के माध्यम से सामाजिक विद्यान अथवा सांख्यिकीय अनुसंधान करेगा;

- (iii) अनुमोदित संगठन वैज्ञारिक अनुसंधान के लिए इसके हारा प्राप्त राशि के संबंध में अलग खाता वहीं रखेण जिसमें अनुसंधान करने के लिए प्रयुक्त राशि दर्शाई गई हो, उका अधिनियम की धारा 288 की उप-धारा (2) के स्पष्टीकरण में वधा परिभाषित किसी लेखाकार से अपनी खाता-बही की लेखा परीक्षा कराएम और उका अधिनियम की धारा 139 की उप-धारा (1) के अंतर्गंद आय विवरणी प्रस्तुत करने की नियत तिथि तक ऐसे लेखाकार हाए विधिवत सत्यापित एवं इस्ताक्षरित लेखा परीक्षा रिपोर्ट मामले में क्षेत्राधिकार रखने वाले आयकर आयुक्त अथवा आयकर निदेशक की प्रस्तुत करेगा;
- (iv) अनुपोदित संगठन सम्माजिक विज्ञान में अनुसंधान के लिए प्राप्त दान तथा प्रमुक्त राशि का अलग विवरण रखेगा और उपर्युक्त लेखा परीक्षा रिपोर्ट के साथ लेखा परीक्षक द्वारा विभिन्न संस्थापित विवरण को प्रति प्रस्तुत करेगा।
- केन्द्र सरकार यह अनुमोदन वापस ले लेगी चिद्र अनुमोदित संगठन:-
- (क) पैराग्राफ 1 के उप-पैराग्राफ (iii) में उल्लिखित लेखा बही नहीं रखेगा; अथवा

- (ख) पैराग्राफ । के नष-पैराग्राफ (iii) में उत्किल्ल अपनी लेखा परीक्षा रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत नहीं करेगा: अथवा
- (ग) पैराग्रफ र के ४५ पैराग्रफ (iv) में डिल्लाखित भागाजिक विज्ञान अथवा सांख्यिकीय अनुसंधान के लिए प्राप्त एवं प्रयक्ष दान का अपना विवरण प्रस्तुत उज्जी करेगा; अथवा
- (घ) अपना अनुसंधान कार्य करना बंद कर देगा ३१% भ इसके अनुसंधान कार्य को जाएग अधी भागा जाएगा; अधाना
- (इ.) उक्त नियमानली के नियम 5ग और 5ड. के सहथ पठित उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड़ (hi) के प्रावधानों के अनुरूप नहीं होगा तथा उनका पालन नहीं करेगा।

[अधिसूचना सं. 105 /फा.सं.203/21/2008-आक्र.कि.ना] रेनु जौहरी , निदेशक (आ.क.कि.ना)

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue) (Central Board of Direct Taxes)

New Della, the 12th November, 2008

- S.O. 3078. It is hereby notified for general information that the organization National Institute of Public Finance & Policy, New Delhi has been approved by the Central Government for the purpose of clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the Income tax Act. 1961 (said Act), read with rules 5C and 5E of the Income tax Rules, 1962 (said Rules) with effect from 1-4-2602 in the category of "other Institution" partly engaged in recentch activities subject to the following conditions, name is:
- (i) The sums read to the approved organization shall be utilized for research in social sciences;
- (ii) The approved organization shall corry out research in social science or statistical research through its faculty numbers or its enrolled students:
- (iii) 15st approved organization shall maintain separate basks of accounts in respect of the sums received by it for scientific research, reflect therein the amounts used for care my out research, get such books audited by an accountant at defined in the explanation to sub-section (2) of 288 of the said. Act and furnish the report of such audit duly signed and verified by such accountant to the Commissioner of Decime for of the Director of Landau of the Director of Landau of the furnishing the reflect of locate angles has seen a furnishing the reflect of locate angles has seen as Section 139 of the said North
- (iv) The approved engaginement shell of a separate states on a decourage surject and a supplied for research and a straining such appropriate statement duly conflict by the audion shell of the report of audit reserved to above
- 2. The Central Government shall was a approval if the approved or gradient on the

APPROXIMATION OF

 (a) tails to maint some process from prorefere dresin soft-paragraph (from profror)

- (b) fails to furnish its audit report reffered to insub-paramoph (ii) of paragraph 1; or
- (c) fails to turnish its statement of the donations recieved (a) I sums applied for reserch in social sciences or statistical research referred to in sub-paragraph (iv) of paragraph 1; or
- (d) ceases to carry on its research activities or its cesearch activities are not found to be genuine, to
- (c) ceases to existent to and comply with the provisions in clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the said Act, read with Rules SC and 5E of the said Rules.

[Notification on 1923]. No 203(21/2008-07A-11] string (JAUHRI, Director (JEA-11))

नई थि*क*े । ३ ४४म्बर, ३७०४

का,आ. 3079,... १ आयाश्य औं जानकारी के लिए एहद्द्राग यह अधिसूचित किया १८११ है कि क्रेन्ट्र सरकार द्वारा आयकर नियमावली, 1962 (उक्त के अपन्ति) को नियम 5ए तथा 5य के साथ पित आयकर आधार में, 1961 (उक्त अधिनियम) की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के ... (०) अ प्रयोगार्थ दिशांक 1-4-2000 से संगठन एस पी, सिरांक के अपने एसर्च सेक्टर, कोलकाना को निम्नालिखित शर्तों के अधार के लिए के अनुसंधान एक "की होगों में अनुसंदित किया गया है, को क

- (i) अनुमोदित "४ की १६ अनुभंपात संघ" का १५८ मध्य
 उद्देश्य वैज्ञानिक अनुमंधात १०० विष्यः
- (ii) अनुमोदिश राजा अपनि से विजिनिक अनुसंबान क्रिया-कलाप को जारी रखेगा:
- (iii) अनुमोधिक १०४८६ वर्ही-स्वाता एखेका तथा काल अधिनियम की धारा 288 वर्ड १६ भार (१५ के समध्यी करण में प्रथा परिभाषित किसी लेखाकार १० १५ती। खाता-बही की लेखा प्रहेशा कराएगा और उबत अधिकिए की १६३ १३५ को उप धारा (१) के अंतर्गत आय विवरणी प्रस्तुत को की नियम तिथि तक ऐसे लेखाकार हारा विधिवत सत्यापित एवं २२०० ईटन लेखा परीक्षा रिपार्ट भार्मने में ऐग्राधिकार राज्ञने वाले अ००६ १००६ १००५ १९%। इत्राक्ष्म निर्माण को १८४६ वर्षणा १
- (१४) अनुमंदिक १६० १६० छ। वर्षकात के लिए प्राप्त यात तथ्य प्रमुख्य राशि था। १००० एउट अंग उपयुक्त लेखा एरोपक रिकार्ट को साथ अंग्रेट १६० ० एए १५० वर्ष अन्यदित विवश्ण वर्ष अगि प्रमुख सर्वेगा ।
- वित समझार १० ००० १०० १०० १ तेने होते अनुसीवित 'स्वत्रम्यः ।
- (कः) पैराक्षाफा । या १० १९ १८०० । ५० में उस्सिम्बत लेखा ५१, को स्थेमा: अथवा
- ्राप्त **पैराप्राफ**ा को १० १५८८% (ai) में उल्लिखित अपना अस्म ६% **र रिपोर्ट प्रस्तु**त २००० वर्ग संभयो

- (ग) पैराग्राफ] के उप-पैराग्राफ (iv) में उल्लिखित वैज्ञानिक अनुसंधान के लिए प्राप्त दान एवं प्रयुक्त राशि का अपना विवरण प्रस्तुत नहीं करेगा; अथवा
- (घ) अपना अनुसंधान कार्य कलाप करना बंद कर देगा
 अथवा इसके अनुसंधान कार्य कलाप को जायन नहीं पाया जाएगा;
 अथवा
- (इ.) उक्त नियमाक्ली के नियम 5ग और 5घ के साथ पटित उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 35 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (ii) के उपबंधों के अनुरूप नहीं होगा तथा उनका पालन नहीं करेगा।

[अधिसूचना सं. 104/2008/फा.सं.203/78/2004-आका.नि.ना] रेन् जौहरी, निरेशक (आ.का.नि.ना)

New Delhi, the 12th November, 2008

- S.O. 3079.— It is hereby notified for general information that the organization M.P. Birla Medical Research Centre, Kolkata , has been approved by the Central Government for the purpose of clause (ii) of subsection (1) of Section 35 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (said Act), read with rules 5C and 5D of the Income-tax Rules, 1962 (said Rules) with effect from 1-4-2000 in the category of 'scientific research association' subject to the following conditions, namely:—
- (i) The sole objective of the approved 'scientific research association' shall be to undertake scientific research;
- (ii) The approved organization shall carry out—the scientific research activity by itself;
- (iii) The approved organization shall maintain books of accounts and get such books audited by an accountant as defined in the explanation to sub-section (2) of Section 288 of the said Act and furnish the report of such audit duly signed and verified by such accountant to the Commissioner of Income-tax or the Director of Income-tax having jurisdiction over the case, by the due date of furnishing the return of income under sub-section (1) of section 139 of the said Act.
- (iv) The approved organization shall maintain a separate statement of donations received and amounts applied for scientific research and a copy of such statement duly certified by the auditor shall accompany the report of audit referred to above.
- 2. The Central Government shall withdraw the approval if the approved organization:—
 - (a) fails to maintain books of accounts referred to in sub-paragraph (iii) of paragraph 1; or
 - (b) fails to furnish its audit report referred to in sub-paragraph (iii) of paragraph 1; or

- (c) fails to furnish its statement of the donations recieved and amounts applied for scientific research referred to in sub-paragraph (iv) of paragraph 1; or
- (d) ceases to carry on its research activities or its research activities are not found to be genuine; or
- (e) ceases to conform to and comply with the provisions of clause (ii) of sub-section (i) of section 35 of the said Act, read with rules 5C and 5D of the said Rules.

[Notification No.104/2008/F, No. 203/78/2004-ITA -1]]

RENU JAUHRI, Director (ITA-II)

(वित्तीय सेवाएं विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 14 नवम्बर, 2008

का,आ. 3080,—राष्ट्रीयकृत बैंक (प्रबन्ध एवं प्रकीण उपलंध) स्कीम, 1980 के खंड 9 के उपखंड (2) (क) के साथ पठित, बैंककारी कंपनी (उपक्रमों का अर्जन एवं अंतरण) अधिनियम, 1980 की धारा 9 की उपधार। (3) के खंड (इ.) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिवतयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, एतद्द्वारा श्री रघुरामन, विशेष सहायक, कॉपोरेशन बैंक, इन्द्रा नगर, चेन्नै को उनकी नियुक्ति की तिथि से तीन वर्षों के लिए अथवा उनके कारपोरेशन बैंक के कर्मचारी बने रहने तक अथवा अगले आदेशों तक, जो भी पहले हो, कॉरपोरेशन बैंक के निदेशक मंडल में कर्मकार कर्मधारी निदेशक के रूप में नियुक्त करती है।

[फा.सं. 15/11/2007-आईआर]

राजेन्द्र सूद, अवर सचिव

(Department of Financial Services)

New Delhi, the 14th November, 2008

S.O. 3080.— In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (e) of the Sub-section (3) of Section 9 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1980 read with Sub-clause (2) (a) of Clause 9 of the Nationalized Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1980, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri V. Raghuraman, Special Assistant, Corporation Bank, Indranagar, Chennai as Workmen Employee Director on the Board of Directors of Corporation Bank for a period of three years from the date of his appointment or until he ceases to be a workmen employee of the Corporation Bank or until further orders, whichever is earliest.

[F. No.15/11 2007-IR]

Raijnder Sood, Under Secy.

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय

(स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 10 नवम्बर, 2008

का.आ. 3081.—कंन्द्र सरकार मीरतीय आसुर्विज्ञान विरुद्ध अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 102) की धारा 11 की उप घटा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए भारतीय आयुर्विज्ञान मिल्यों से परामर्श करने के परंचात् अर्दता की नाम-पट्टति में परिवर्तन किए जाने के कारण उक्त अधिनियम की प्रथम अनुसूची में एक्ट्रहरा निम्नलिखित और संशोधन करती है, अर्थात्:—

प्रथम अनुसूची में---

"लखनक विश्वविद्यालय/कृत्रपति शाह्जी महाराज विश्वविक्षःत्रनायः किंग जार्ज मेडिकल विश्वविद्यालयं के सामने शीर्षक ''मान्स्नापाल चिकित्सा अर्हता'' (इसके पश्चात स्तंभ (2) के रूप में उल्लिखित के अंतर्गत ऑतम प्रविद्धि तथा उससे संबंधित प्रविद्धि के बाद श्लेषक 'पंजीकरण के लिए संक्षेपण' (इसके अंतर्गत स्तंभ (3) के रूप में विल्लिखत) के अंतर्गत निम्नालिखत जोड़ा जाएगा, अर्थावः

(2)	(3)
'' ढाक्टर आफ मेडिसिन (राग्रेर रच ना विज्ञान)''	एम. डो.(शरीर रचना विज्ञान)
	(यह एक मान्यसाम्राप्त विकित्सः) अर्हता होगी यदि यह लाखानक विश्वविद्यालय/छत्रपति शाहूजी महाराज विश्वविद्यालय/ किंग जार्ज मोडिकल विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा प्रदास की गई हो।)

[सं. यू-12012/880/2008-एमई(फी. () : }

्**एन, गारिक**, अवर *सर्व* बंग

MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

(Department of Health and Family Welfare),

New Delhi, the 10th November, 2008

S.O. 3081.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of the Section 11 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), the Central Government, after consulting the Medical Council of India, hereby makes the following further amendments in the First Schedule to the said Act, due to change of nomenclature of the qualification namely:—

In the said Schedule-

(a) against "Lucknow University/Chhatrapati Shahaji Maharaj University/King George Maharaj University" under the heading 'Recognised Medical Qualification [hereinafter referred to as column (2)], after the last entry and entry relating thereto under the heading 'Abbre viation for Registration' [hereinafter referred to as column (3)], the following shall be inserted, namely:—

	777. *11. 12"
(2)	(3)
"Doctor of Medicine (Anatomy)"	ACD (Anatomy)
	This shall be a recognised redical qualification when

and same be a recogniced andicat qualification when goned by Lucknow University ("anatrapant Shahuji Maharaj adversity: King George Medical traversity.

§No. Us 120(Z.880/2008-ME(P-0))
N. BARIK, Under Secy.

उपभोक्ता मामले, खार क्षेत्र वार्यजनिक वितरण मंत्रालय

। उपयोद्ध : १०५५ विभाग)

भारतीय अंश्विक द्वारी

नई दिल्हा ५ -लावस, 200४

का.आ. 3082.-- २०४६ मानक त्यूरी नियम. 1987 के नियम 7 के उपनियम (1) न १५४१ (ख) के अनुसरक में भएतीय मानक क्यूरी एतरहारा अधिक्षियत करता है कि नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गये मानक(कों) में संशोधन १४२४ स्वयं किये गये हैं:

	:	अन ुस ूची	
क्रम सं	संशोधित भारतीय मानक को संख्या और वर्ष	संशोधन की संख्या और तिथि	संशोधन लागृ होने की तिथि
1	2		4
1.	आई एस 1856:2005 बुलाई प्रयोजनों के इस्तेमाल के लिए इस्पात की वार रस्सियां -विशिष्टि (वीसरा पुनरोक्षण)	संशोधन नं. 2 मर्ड 2008	(3 अक्टूबर 2008
2	आई एस 3196 (मारा ! : 2006 अल्प दाब द्रवर्गाः व गैसों के लिए 5 लिटर में अधिक जल क्षमता बातः बेल्डित अल्प कार्यन द्रव्याः के सिलिंडर भाग 1 द्रवित पैट्रोलियम गैस (एल पी जी के लिए सिलिंडर की क्रिंग्य (पाँचवा पुनरीक्षण)	หรื 2008 ก) इ. अक्टूबर २००४

इस संशोधन की प्रतियां प्रकार यानक अपूरी, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई हिन्दलें - (1400)2, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीवढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों अहमदाबाद, बंगलार, १८५०: भूवनेशवर, कोयम्बतूर, गुब्बहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नगपुर, पटना पूर्ण तथा तिरुवनेतापुरम में बिक्की हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

्रसद्धः एमईडी/जी ०० ।

सी.के. वेदा, वैज्ञा, एर 🤏 प्रमुख (पात्रिक इजोनियरिए)

MINISTRY OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION

(Department of Consumer Affairs)

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

New Delhi, the 5th November, 2008

S.O. 3082.—In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-rule (i) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987 the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that amendments to the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued:

SCHEDULE

	No. and year of the Indian Standards	No. and year of the amend- ment	Date from which the amendment shall have effect	
<u></u>	2	3	4	
1	IS 1856: 2005 steel wire ropes for haulage purpose- Specification (Third Revision)	Amend- ment No. 2 May 2008	13 Oct. 2008	
2	IS 3196 (Part 1): 2006 Welded low carbon steel cylinders exceeding 5 liter water capacity for low press ure liquefiable gases Part 1 cylinder for Liquefied Petroleum Gases (LPG) Specification (Fifth Revision)	Amend- ment No. 2 May 2008	15 Oct. 2008	

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolkata, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapram.

[Ref: MED/G-2:1]

C.K.VEDA, Sc. F & Head (Mechanical Engineering)

नई दिल्ली, 7 नवम्बर, 2008

का.आ, 3083,-भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो नियम 1987 के नियम 7 के उप-नियम (1) के खंड (ख) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतरद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन भारतीय मानकों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गये हैं वे स्थापित हो गए हैं:—

अनुसूची

	-,14			
क्रम सं	स्यापित भारतीय मानक(कों) की संख्या वर्ष और शीर्षक	नये मारतीय स्थापित तिथि मानक द्वारा अतिक्रमित मारतीय मानक अथवा मानकों, यदि कोई हो, की संख्या और वर्ष		
1	2	3	4	
1.	आई एस 9444:2007 ईंधन के लिए तेल आपूर्ति के संस्थापन की रीति संहिता- आग्नेय भट्टिया (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	-	31 अक्सूबर, 2007	

इस प्रास्तीय मानक की प्रतियां पारतीय मानक क्यूरो, मानक भवन, 9, बहादुर शाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली–110002, क्षेत्रीय कार्यालयों: नई दिल्ली, कोलकाता, चण्डीगढ़, चेन्नई, मुम्बई तथा शाखा कार्यालयों: अहमदाबाद, बंगलौर, भोपाल, पुवनेश्वर, कोयम्बतूर, गुवाहाटी, हैदराबाद, जयपुर, कानपुर, नागपुर पटना, पूणे तथा तिकवनतापुरम में बिक्की हेतु उपलब्ध हैं।

[संदर्भः एमटोडी/26/टी-21]

हा. (श्रीमती) स्नेह भाटला, वैज्ञानिक एफ एवं प्रमुख (एमटीडी) New Delhi, the 7th November, 2008

S.O. 3083.—In pursuance of clause (h) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 7 of the Bureau of Indian Standards Rules, 1987 the Bureau of Indian Standards hereby notifies that the Indian Standards, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been established on the date indicated against each:

SCHEDULE

	501		
Si. No.	No. and year of the Indian Standards Established	No. and year of Indian Standards if any, sup- seded by t New Indian Standard	he
<u>(i)</u>	(2)	(3)	(4)
ī	IS 9444: 2007 Code of practice for installation of oil supply units for fuel—fired furnaces (First Revision)		31 Oct. 2007

Copy of this Standard is available for sale with the Bureau of Indian Standards, Manak Bhavan, 9. Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110002 and Regional Offices: New Delhi, Kolketa, Chandigarh, Chennai, Mumbai and also Branch Offices: Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bhopal, Bhubaneshwar, Coimbatore, Guwahati, Hyderabad, Jaipur, Kanpur, Nagpur, Patna, Pune, Thiruvananthapuram.

[Ref: MTD/26/T-21]

Dr. (Mrs.) SNEH BHATLA, Scientist F & Head (Met. Engg.)

नई दिल्ली 10 नवम्बर, 2008

का,आ.. 3084.-- भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो (ग्रमाणन) विनियम 1988 के नियम 4 के उपनियम (5: 10 कारण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतदृद्वारा अधिसृधित करता है कि जिन लाइसेंसों के विवरण कीन अनुसृची में दिए गए हैं, वे स्वीकृत कि 10 कार है -

क्रम	लाइसँस	स्वीकृत करन	लाइसँसधारी का	भारतीय मानक का	1.1	भाग अनुभाग	কাৰ্য
संख्या	संख्या	को तिथि वर्षःभाइ	नाम व पता	शोर्षक	4.4		
1	2	i	4	5	18		— 7
1.	7867305	26 8 2008	टेहरे ज्वैलसं, मैन रोड हुइ छ।	स्वर्ण और स्वर्ण मिश्रधातुएं,	31 z		1999
			जिला न्यू नांदेड, 4316ाः	आभृषण/शिल्पकारी-शुद्धता			
			महाराष्ट्र	और चिह्नांकन			
2	78 67507	27 8 7008	दंदगांवकर सर्राफ झेड के	स्वर्ण और स्वर्ण मिश्रधातुर्) 99 0
			भार्केट, कोल्हार बीके, उरस्था	आभूषण/शिल्पकारी~शुद्धता			
			सहाता, जिला अहमदनगर	और चिह्नांकन			
			413710				
3.	7868509	28 8-2008	सन्प्रदेश एप्रो इंडस्ट्रीज प्राप्त	मलाई निकाला हुआ दूध पाय कः	;	वी	1998
			प्लॉट ने. यू-4, प्रभाव मेरा फूड पार्क एट निर्मलकार पॉस्ट तिलक नगर, वाल्का राहाना, जिला	भाग 1 मानक श्रेणी			
			अहमदनगर 413720, मटावर्ट्ड 				
4.	7857403	22 8-2008	स्वराज इंडिया इंडस्ट्रोज विशेषकर	दृध पावाहर	15		2007
			स. नं. 406/407, पूर्णी किर्माट तालुका फलटन, जिला भारतक 415523, महाराष्ट्र				
5.	7869107	2 -9 - 3008	रेक्स पोलीएक्सटुसन लिएम <i>ः</i>	अप्लास्टिक पॉलीविनायल			2064
			प्लॉटनं एल -7,8 एसंग्राम				
			आयडीसी कुपवाड एरिस्टिंग्स्या सागली-416436, महाराष्ट्र	लिए नालीदार सिंगल बॉल पाइन्ह			
6.	7869511	$4.9 \cdot 2008$	नाराथणदास वासुदेवकम उर्वः	ध्यणं और स्वर्ण मिश्रधातुएं,	• ::		1909
			190, सदाशिव पेट, पोती 🤫 🤋	•			
			कार्तर, जिला सातपा-२११००: महासादु	और सि ह्तकिन			
7.	7869612	5/9/2008	चित्तरंजन गोरखनाथ अध्यक्ष		:		(type)
			सर्राफ एंड ज्वेलम् दुकार भ	· -			
			्ष्वी ४ २४४ , एर्स्टबल, पेल्टर १८८८ - १	और चिह्न ांक न			
			बिल्डिंग बैंक ऑफ पदायप्र चे क्या — चे — चिल्ल	•			
			के पास, कर्वे संड, जिल्हा पुण्डे-411604, धदासण्ड				
K .	7870189	8 9 2008	पुष्तवस्थाललः, यहाराष्ट्र राम जी अप्टेकर 8≵8 - युध्यः	स्वर्ण और स्व र्ण मिश्रधा तुर्.			1999
			पेठ, सोन्या मारूति चौक	ाभूपण <i>ैश</i> ल्पकारी-शुद्धता	•		1977
			जिला पुणे-411002, यहरू १	और चिहेनांकन			
9.	7870492	9.9 (3) 88	अरुण भास्कर सराप्त (49) 🖸	रवर्ण और स्वर्ण मिश्रधानुष्			1999
			घर संख्या ।।४७, पंत्र गेह,	आभूषण/शिल्पकारी-शुद्धता			
			चावडी संगमनेर के पास. ⁶ ्रः	श्रीर चिह्नांकन			

1_	2	3	4	5	6		7
10.	7870593	10-9-2008	रांका ज्वैलर्स पिपरी चिचवड, 4510/1, एम्पायर इस्टेट पुणे- मुंबई रोड, चिचवड, जिला पुणे- 411019; महाराष्ट्र	आभूषण/शिल्पकारी-शुद्धता	1417		1999
11-	7865301	10-9-2008	श्री साई प्लास्टिक मॉल्डिंग एंड इलैक्ट्रीकल्स, स. चं. 7/2/3, साई इत नगर धनकषडी, जिला पुणे- 411043, महाराष्ट्र	कार्यकारी वोस्टेज तक के लिए	694		1990
12.	7860792	9-9-2008	क्लासिक अङ्गुआ, गट संख्या 926/2, एट पोस्ट अदारकी, तालुका फलटन, जिला सातारा, महाराष्ट्र	पैकेजबंद पेयजल (पैकेजबंद प्राकृतिक मिनरल जल के अलाव	14543 T)		2004
13.	7870997	12-9-2008	श्री महालक्ष्मी ज्वैलर्स, 19,मगर अली, हडपसर, जिला पुणे- 4[1028, महाराष्ट्र	स्वर्ण और स्वर्ण मिश्रधातुएं, ,आमृषण/शिल्पकारी-शुद्धता और चिह्नांकन	1417 .		1999
14.	7851589	9-9-2008	जयलक्ष्मी अनुआं प्रा. लि., गट संख्या 299 संगमनेर, तालुका भोर, जिला पुणे-41220 महाराष्ट्र	पैकेजबंद पेयजस(पैकेजबंद प्राकृतिक मिनरल जल के अलाव	14543 1)		2004
15.	7872597	18-9 -200 8	एस. रतनलाल बोरा, 112/2बी, कालकाई रोड एट पोस्ट-तालुका, शिरगींडे, जिला अहमदनगर, महाराष्ट्र		1417		1999
16.	7873195	10-9-2008	सेंट गोबन सेक्रीट इंडिया लि., चाकन डिवीजन, गट संख्या 616/617 और 621 नासिक- पुणे हाइवे के पास, गांव कुरुली, तालुका खेड, जिला पुणे- 410501, महाराष्ट्र	सुरक्षा ग्लास –भाग –2 सङ्क परिवहन के लिए	2553	2	1992
17.	7873401	22-9-2008	मालप्या विरप्या मजाटी, 43, लक्ष्मी मार्केट, मिरज, तालुका मिरज, जिला सांगली- 416410, महाराष्ट्र	स्वर्ण और स्वर्ण मिश्रधातुएं, आभूषण/शिल्पकारी-शुद्धता और चिह्नांकन	1417		1999
18.	7873603	, 5-9-2008	गुडईयर साउथ एशिया टायर्सं प्राइवेट लिफिटेड, एच-18, एमआयडीसी इंडस्ट्रेयल एरिया, वालुज, जिला औरंगाबाद-431136	स्वचलित वाहन-समारी वाहनों के लिए वातिल ययर्स-आड़ी और रेडियल प्लाई ।	15633		2006
19.	7873704	5-9-2008	गुडईयर साउध एशिया टायर्स प्राइनेट लिमिटेड, एच-18, एमआयडीसी इंडस्ट्रीयल एरिया, बालुज, जिला औरंगाबाद-431136 ₉ महाराष्ट्र	स्वचलित वाहन-क्यावसायिक बाहनों के लिए वातिल टायर्स- आड़ी और रेडियल प्लाई ।	15636		2005

1	٠	1	
О	1	o	o

1	2	3	4	5		<u> </u>
20.	7861996	23-9-2008	कोल्हापुर जिला सहकार्य दृष उत्पादक संघ लिमिटंड, बी-1, एमआइडोसी, गाकुल शिरगांव, तालुका कारवीर, जिला कोल्हापुर-416233 महाराष्ट्र	दूध पावडर	1165	2002
21. 7	874807	25 9-2008	श्रीयश ज्वैलर्स, दुकान मं. ४. प्लॉट नं. ४९, गणेश काच्य सहकारी गरुन रचना मंख्य महेश सोसायटी विश्वेवन्त्री, जिला पुणे-411037, महाराष्ट्र	स्वर्ण और स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुएं, आधृषण/शिल्पकारी-शुद्धता और चिह्नांकन	.417	1990

ुं संस्पृत्र डो /। स्त्री ∏

पौ.सः १९और, उप महानिदेशक (मृहर्)

New Delhi, the 10th November, 2008.

S.O. 3084. An pursuance of sub-regulation (5) of regulation 4 of the Bureau of India (Sundards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the Bureau of Indian Standards, hereby notifies the grant of licences passibilities of which are given in the following schedule:

			SCHED	ULE			
Sl. No.	Licence No.	Grant Date	Name & Address of the Party	Title of the Standard	18/80	Part Sec	tion Year
ı	2		4	5	6		7
l,	78 67305	26-8-2008	Tehare Iwellers, Main Road, Hudeo, District New Nanded-431603 Maharashtra	Gold and gold alloys, Jewellery/artefacts- Fineness and marking	izi₹		1999
2.	7867507	27-8-2008	Dedgaonkar Saraf, 7, K. Market, Kolhar Bk Taluka Rahata, District Ahmednager, 413710	Gold and gold alloys, Jewellery/artefacts- Fineness and marking	. 41		[PAA)
3.	7868509	28-8-2008	Sunfresh Agro Industries Pvt., Etd., Plot No. U-3 Prabhat Mego Food Pork. At Nirmalnagar, Post Tilaknagar, Taluka Rabata, District Abemednagar 413720	Skimmed milk powder Port I standard grade	3-31	01	1998
4.	7857403	22-8-2008	Swaraj India Industries Lad. S.No. 406/407 A/P Nimbhore Taluka Phagun, District Satara-415503 Maharashtra	, Milk powder	065		2000
5.	78 69 107	2-9-2008	Rex Polyextrusion I, t.i Plot No. I7, 8 & 9, MIDC Kupwad Area District Sangli-416431-	Unplasticized Polyvinyl Chloride (UPVC) single wall corrugated pipes for drainage	r 1		2001
6.	7869511	1-9-2008	Narayandas Vasudev los Devi, 190, Sadashiv ircib, Moti Chowk Comer. District Satara-44 5002	Gold and gold alloys, jewellery/artefacts- Fineness and marking	14.7		[996]

l	2	3	4	5	6		7
7.	7869 612	5-9-2008	Chittaranjan Gorakhnath Ashtekar Saraf & Jewellers Shop No. 3	Gold and gold alloys, jewellery/artefacts- Fineness and marking	1417		1999
			& 4 24/1, Emndware	Littériess and mauring			
			Pancharaona Bldg, Near Bank of				
			Maharashtra, Karve Road				
			District Pune-411004				
i.	7870189	8-9-2008	M B Ashtekar 828,	Gold and gold alloys-	1417		1999
			Budhwar Peth, Sonya,	jewellery/artefacts-			
			Maruti Chowk	Fineness and marking			
•			District Pune-41 1002		_		
ì,	7870492	9-9-2008	Arım Bhaskar Saraf	Gold and gold alloys-	1417		1999
			1403/2, House No.	jewellery/artefacts-			
			1149, Main Road, Near	Fineness and marking			
			Charwadi Sangamner, Disrtict Ahemednagar-				
	•		422605				
10.	7870593	10-9-2008	Ranka Jewellers	Gold and gold alloys-	1417		1999
10,	,0,000		Pimpri Chinchwad	jewellery/artefacts-			
	•		4510/1, Empire Estate	Fineness and marking			
			Pune, Mumbai Road				
			Chinchwad District				
			Pune-411019	march and the c	204		11-04
11.	7865301	10-09-2008	Shri Sai Plastic Moulding & Electricals S.No. 7/2/3	PVC insulated cables for working voltages upto	<i>6</i> 94		1990
			Sai Dutta Nagar	and including 1100 V			
			Dhankawadi	Mrg Elestronia a too .			
			Pune-411043				
12.	7860792	9-9-2008	Classic Aqua	Packaged drinking water	14543		2004
			Gat No. 926/2	(Other than packaged			
			At Post Adarki	natura) mineral water)			
			Taluka Phaltan				
	9070007	12 0 2000	District Satara Shree Mahalaomi Jewellers	Gold and gold alloys-	1417		1995
13.	7870997	12-9-2008	19, Magar Ali Hadapsar	jewellery/artefacts-	1441		1977
			District Pune-411028	Fineness and marking		•	
14.	7851589	9-9-2008	Jallaxmi Aqua Pvr. Ltd.	Packaged drinking water	14543		2004
	,		Gut No. 299 Sangammer,	(Other than packaged			
			Taluka Bhor	natural mineral water)			
	_		District Pune 412206				
15.	7872597	18-9-2008	S. Ratanial Bora	Gold and gold alloys-	1417		1999
			112/2B, Kalkai Road	jewellery/artefacts-			
			At Post-Taluka Shrigonde District Ahmednagar	Fineness and marking			
16.	7873195	10-9-2008	Saint Gobain Sckurit	Safety glass-Part 2 For	2553	2	1992
14,	1013172	10-3-2000	India Ltd. Chakam Division	- -	4-1-	-	
			Gat No. 616/617 & 621				
			Near Nashik-Pune				
			Highway Village				
	•		Kuruli, Taluka Khed				
			District Pune 410501	Managara Cara	4-14		
17.	78734 01	22-9-2008	Maliappa Virappa Majati	Gold and gold alloys-	1417		1999
			43, Laxmi Market, Miraj	jewellery/artefacts-			
			Taluka Miraj	Fineness and marking			

9101	6 ==:.===:==:.	THE GAZETT	E OF INDIA: NOVEMBER 22	2,2 008/AGRAHAYAN A 1,19	30 (Pag)	[II →Sec. 3(ii)]
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
18.	7873603	5-9-2008	Goodyear South Asia Tyres Pvt. Ltd. H-18, MIDC Indl. Area Waluj District Aurangabad- 431136	Automotive Vehicles- Pneumatic Tyres for Passenger Car Vehicles- Diagonal and Radial Ply	15633	3005
19.	7873704	5-9-2008	Goodyear South Asia Tyres Pvt. Ltd. H-18, MIDC Indl. Area Waluj District Aurangabad- 431136	Automotive Vehicles- Pneumatic Tyres for Commercial Vehicles- Diagonal and Radio! Ply	15636 1	2005
20.	7861996	23-9-2008	Kolhapur Zilla Sahakari Dudh Utpadak Sangh Ltd. B-1, MIDC Gokul Shirgaon Taluka Karvir District Kolhapur-4 16234	Milk powder	1165	2002
21.	7874807	25-9-2008	Shroeyash Jwellers Shop No. 8, Plot No. 49 Ganesh Corner Sahakari Gruh Rachana Sanstha Mahesh Society. Bibwewadi	Gold and gold alloys- jewellery/anefacts- Fineness and marking	1417	(999)

[No.CMD/13:14]

P. K. GAMBHIR, Dy. Director General (Marks)

नई दिल्ली, 10 **नवम्ब**र, 2008

District Pune-411037

का.आ. 3085, - भारतीय मानक व्यूरो (प्रमाणन) विनियम, 1988 के नियम (5) के उप-नियम (6) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक व्यूरो एतद्हारा अधिसृचित करता है कि निम्न विवस्ण वाले लाइसँसों को उनके आगे दशायी गई तारोख से रह कर दिया गया है :

क्रम संख्या	लाइसेंस संख्या	लाइसँसधारी का नाम व पता	भारतीय मानक संख्या एवं शोर्घक	रह, करने की तिथि
I	7062562	फिनोलेक्स इंडस्ट्रीच लिमिटेड प्लॉट नं. 10, ब्लॉक डी-। एमआयडीसी, चिचवड पुणे-411019 महाराष्ट्र	भाषा 12818 : 1992 बोर् ट्यूववैल को लिए अनप्लास्टियाइञ्ड पी वीसी स्क्रीन औ र केसिंग पाइग्स ।	28-8-2008

[सं. सी एम डी /13:13]

भी के, गम्भीर, उप महानिदेशक (मुहर)

New Delha the 10th November, 2008

S.O. 3085.—In persuance of sub-regulation (6) of regulation 5 of the Bureau or instead Standards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the fureau of Indian Standards, becely notifies that the ficences paraculars of which are given below have been cancelled/with effect from the date indicates against each

Sr. No.	License No.	Name and Address of the Licensee	Article Process with relevant Indian Standards covered by the licence cancelled	Date of cancellation
ī	7062562	Finolex Industries 1.10 Plot No. 10, Block 5 : MIDC, Chinchwad Pune-411019	IS 12818: 1992 Unplasticized PVC screen and casing pipes for bore-tubewell	28-8-2008

[No. CMD 13: 13]

F. K. GAMBHIR. Dy. Director General (Marks).

नई दिल्ली, 14 नवम्बर, 2008

का.आ. 3086.—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो (प्रमाणन) विनियम, 1988 के नियम (4) के उपनियम (5) के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतर्द्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि जिन लाइसेंसों के विवरण नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं, वे स्वीकृत कर दिए गए हैं :—

अनुसूची

सितम्बर 2008 में स्वीकृत लाइसेंस

क्रम संख्या	लाइसँस संख्या	लाइसेंसधारी का नाम व पता	मा मा संख्या एवं शीर्ष क	लाइसँस स्वीकृत करने की तारीख
<u>,</u> 1	2	3	4	5
1.	7869915	मेसर्स कॅमरॉक इंडस्ट्रीज तथा एक्सपेर्ट लिमिटेड, एट गॉव आसोज, वडोदरा हलोल एक्सप्रेस वे, ताल्लुका वाधोडिया बडोदरा-391510	जी आर पी पाईप जवाएंट तथा फिटिंग फार सिवेज, इंडस्ट्रियल वेसट तथा चाटर आई एस 14402:1996	8-9-2008
2	7870290	वैराइटी पम्य इंडस्ट्रीज डी 4, डायमॅड पार्क, एन एच नंबर 8, रोड, जी आई डी सी नरोडा, अह <i>मदाबाद</i>	मोटर्स फार सक्मरिकल पम्पसैट आई एस 9283:1995	9- 9- 2008
3.	7871595	सागा विंठल पम्पस प्रा. लिमिटेड 32, हरिओम एस्टेट, जी डी हाई स्कूल रोड, हीरावाडी, नरोडा रोड, अहमदाबाद-380025	औपनवेल सबमॉर्सबल पम्पसैट आई एस 14220:1994	12 -9-2008
4.	787179 7	अमीधारा बीवरेज प्राची एस्टेट नंबर 10, गोळ गाम के पीछे, देवनगर रोड, अहमदाबाद	पैकंजबंद पेयजल आई एस 14543:2004	16-9-2008
5.	7871801	मॉ बिवरेज प्लाट नंबर 93, 93/ए, शिव शक्ति नगर, भाधेना 3, सूरत	पैक्रेजमंद पेयजल आई एस 14543:2004	16-9-2008
6.	7871902	पारस इंबीनियरिंग वर्क्स नाना चिलोडा चार रास्ता होटल दासमेश के पास, एन एच नंबर 8, नरोडा, अहमदाबाद	सबमसिवल पय्पसैट आई एस 8034:2002	17- 9- 2008
7.	7872395	श्री विवरेज फ्लाट नंबर 744, रोड नंबर 744/ओ आई डी सी सचिन सूरत 394230	पैकेजबंद पेयजल आई एस (4543:2004	18-9-2008
8.	7873296	सर्वोदय पम्य प्रा. लि. 70-72, परमेश्वर एस्टेट, ओमकार टैक्सटाईल के सामने, पैम्को टोल नाका, नरोडा रोड, अहमदाबाद	मोटर्स फार सम्मर्सियल पम्मसैट आई एस 9283:1995	19-9-2008
9.	7873 502	साई जल बिबरेज, मैगडला डयूमस रोड, पोट कालोनी के सामने, ताल्लूका चोरासी सूरत	पैकेजबंद पेयजल आई एस 14543:2004	23 -9- 2008
10.	7875102	बालाजी ज्यैलर्स, शॉप नंबर 6, राजमंदिर, राजमंदिर फ्लैट के सामने, इंडिया कालोनी रोड, बापूनगर, अहमदाबाद	स्वर्ण तथा स्वर्ण मित्र धातुओं के आभृषणों शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुहरांकन 1417:1999	25-9-2008

6170		IE GAZETU. OF NOIA: NOVEMBER 22, 2001	[Part II—Sec. 3(ii)]	
1	2	3	4	5
II.	7876003	रमणीक लाल तथा सन्स एफ एफ 22, परीसीमा काम्पलैक्स, लाल बंगला कं पास, चार रस्ता, सी जी रोड, अहमदाबाद	स्वर्ण तथा स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों शिल्पकारी शुद्धना एवं मुहरांकन 1417:1999	30-9-2008
12.	7876104	पी मानेकलाल सोनी तथा कंपनी, शाह टाईलस के पास, गांधरा सेड, छाहोद	स्वर्ण तथा स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूषणों शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं मुटरांकन 1417:1999	30-9-2008
12.	7876306	महालक्ष्मी गोल्ड पैलेस, गेविंद चाकिया, चार रास्ता टावर अमझरए	स्वर्ण तथा स्वर्ण मिश्र धातुओं के आभूवर्णों शिल्पकारी शुद्धता एवं	30-9-2008

[सं. सीएमडी/।3 : 11]

पी. के. गम्भीर, उप महानिदेशक (मुहर)

New Delhi, the 14th November, 2008

मुहरांकन 1417:199**9**

S.O. 3086. In pursuance of sub-regulation (5) of Regulation 4 of the Bureau of Indian Standards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the Bureau of Indian Standards, hereby notifies the grant of licences particulars of which are given in the following Schedule:

SCHEDULE
GRANTED LICENCES FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER, 2008

विसनगर, डिस्ट्रिक्ट मेहसाना

Sl. No.	Licence No.	Name of the firm and address	IS Numbeer & Product	Date of Grant
J	2	3	4	5
1.	78699 15	Kentrock Industries and Exports Ltd. AT-Village-Asoj, Vadodara Halol Express Way, Taluka Vaghodia Vadodara-39[510]	GRP pipes joints and littings for sewerage, industrial waste and water (other than potable) IS 14402:1996	
2.	7870290	Variety Pump Industries D-4 Diamond Park, NH 8 Road, GIDC Naroda Ahmedabad	Motors for submersible Pumpsets IS 9283:1995	9-9-2008
3,	78 71595	Saga Windel Pumps Pvt. Ltd. 32 Hariom Estate G D High School Road, Hirawadi Naroda Road, Ahmedabad-380025	Openwell submersible pumpsets IS 14229:1994	12-9-2008
4,	7871797	Amidhara Boverages Prachi Estate No. 10 B/H Gota Gam Devnagar Road, Ahmedahad	Packaged Drinking Water IS 14543:2004	16-9-2008
5.	7871801	Maa Beverages Plot No. 93-93/A, Shiv Sakati Nagar Bhathena 3 Surat	Packaged Drinking Water IS 14543:2004	16-9-2008
6.	7871902	Paras Engineering Works Nana Chiloda Char Rasta Near Hotel Dasmesh NH No. 8, Naroda. Ahmedabad	Submersible Pumpsets IS 8034:2002	17-9-2008
7.	787239 5	Shree Reverages Plot No. 744, Road No. 7/44 GIDC Sachin Surat-394230	Packaged Drinking Water IS 14543:2004	18-9-2008

	2	3	4	5
8.	7873296	Sarvoday Pumps Pvt. Ltd. 70-72, Parmeshwar Estate, Opp. Omkar Textile, Memco Toll Naka, Naroda Road, Ahmedabad	Motors for submersible pumpsets IS 9283:19.	19-9-2008
9.	7873502	Sai Jala Beverages Magdalla Dumas Road, Opp. Pote Colony Ta Choryasi, Surat	Packaged Drinking Water IS 14543:2004	23-9-2009
10.	7875102	Balaji Jewellers Shop No. 6, Rajmandir, Opp, Rajmandir Flat, India Colony Road, Bapunagar, Ahmedabad	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/ Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417:1999	25-9-2008
11,	7876003	Ramniklala & Sons F.F22, Pariscema Complex, NR. Lal Bunglow Char Rasta, C.G. Road, Ahmedabad	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/ Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417;1999	30-9-2008
12.	7876104	P Manekial Soni & Co. Near Shah Tiles, Godhra Road, Dahod	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/ Artefacts-Fineness and Marking JS 1417:1999	30-9-2008
13.	7876306	Mahalaxmi Gold Palace Govind Chakla Char Rasta, Tower Andar, Visnagar, Dist. Mahesana	Gold and Gold Alloys, Jewellery/ Artefacts-Fineness and Marking IS 1417:1999	30-9-2008

[No.CMD/13:11]

P. K. GAMBHIR, Dy. Director General (Marks)

नई दिल्ली, 14 नवम्बर, 2008

का.आ. 3087,—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरे (प्रमाणन) विनियम, 1988 के विनियम 5 के उपविनियम 6 के अनुसरण में भारतीय घानक ब्यूरो एतदृद्वारा अधिसृचित करता है कि निम्न विवरण वाले लाइसेंसीं को आगे दर्शाई तारीख से लाइसेंस रदद् कर दिया गया है :—

क्रम संख्या	लाइसॅस संख्या	लाइसँसधारी का नाम एवं पता	लाइसेंस के अंतर्गत प्रक्रम संबंध एवं भारतीय चानक सहित	रद्द की तिथि
1	8889320	मेसर्स क्रीती इंडस्ट्रीज (आई) लिमिटेड, प्लाट नं 75- 86, सेक्टर 2 पीथमपुर (म प्र)	आई एस 13387:92 इरिगेशन इक्वीपमेंटस एमीटर्स	4-8-2008

[सं. केन्द्रीय प्रमाणन/(3 : 11]

पी. के. गम्भीर, उप महानिदेशक (भुहर)

New Delhi, the 14th November, 2008

S.O. 3087.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (6) of Regulation 5 of the Bureau of Indian Standards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the Bureau of Indian Standards, hereby notifies the grant of licences particulars of which are given have been cancelled with effect from the date indicated against each:

St. No.	Licence No.	Name and adress of the licencees	IS No. and title	Cancelled Date
Ī	8889320	M/s Kriti Industries (I) Limited Plot No. 75-86, Sector-II, Pithampur (M P)	IS 13387; 1992 Irrigation Equipments— Emitters	4-8-2008

[No.CMD/[3,11]

P. K. GAMBHIR, Dy. Director General (Marks)

नई दिल्ली, 14 नवम्बर, 2008

का,आ. 3088,—भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो (प्रमाणन) विनियम, 1988 के विनियम 4 के उपविनियम 5 के अनुसरण में भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो एतदुद्वारा अधिसूचित करता है कि निम्न विवरण वाले लाइसेंसों को आगे दर्शाई तारीख से लाइसेंस स्वीकृत कर दिया गया है :---

क्रम संख्या	लाइसेंस संख्या	लाइसेंसधारी का नाम एवं पता	लाइसँस के अंतर्गत प्रक्रम संबंध एवं भारतीय मानक सहित	स्वीकृत करने की तिथि
1	8958616	मेसर्स नेपचून पैकेंजिंग प्रा लिमिटेड, पीडीपीएल फैक्टरी के पास, ग्राम अस्मावर, नेमाबार रोड, इंदौर, (मग्र)	आई एस ३६५२:1995 काप प्रोटेक्शन इक्नीपमेंट्स, फुट स्प्रेअर	11-8-2008
2	8958717	मेसर्स नेपचून पैकेजिंग प्रा लिमिटेड. पोडोपी एल फैक्टरी के पास, ग्राम अरसावद, नेमावार रोड, इंदौर, (पप्र)	आई एस 3062:1995 काप प्रोटेक्शन इक्वीपमेंदस, राकर स्प्रेअर	11-8-2008
3	8961908	मेसर्स शक्ति वायर्स, 43, छत्री वाग, छत्तरीपुरा, इंदौर, (म.प्र.)	आई एस 694:1990 पीवीसी इन्सुलेटेड केवल्स फार वर्किंग खाल्टेज अपटू अगड इन्कलूडिंग 1100 वी	11-8-2008
4	8956915	मेसर्स लाजिक पोली प्राइक्टस. 314/3,एसडीए कंपाउंडस. मर्यक तील काटा के पास. देवास नाका, ईंदौर, (म प्र)	आई एस 3906:1995 काप प्रोटेक्शन इक्जीपमेंट्स, हेंण्ड आपरेटर नेपसँक स्प्रअर पिम्टन टाइप	12-8-2008
5	8960195	मेसर्स, विकास टयूब, 90-91 ईंडस्ट्रियल एरिया, भानदसौर, 458001 (म.प्र)	आई एस 4985:2000	19-8-2008

{सं. केन्द्रीय प्रमाणनः/13 : 11]

पी. कं. गम्भीर, उप महानिदेशक (भुहर)

New Delhi, the 14th November, 2008

S.O. 3088.— In pursuance of sub-regulation (5) of Regulation 4 of the Bureau of Indian Standards (Certification) Regulations 1988, of the Bureau of Indian Standards, hereby notifies the grant of <u>licences</u> for the <u>Month of August—2008</u> particulars of which are given in the following schedule:

St. No.	Licence No.	Name and adress of the licences	IS No. and title	Grant Date
1 8958616		M/s Neptune Packaging Private Limited Near PDPL Factory, Village Asravad, Nemawar Road, Indore, (M P)	IS 3652:1995 Crop Protection Equipment Foot Sprayer-Specification	(1-8-2008
2	8958717	M/s Neptune Packaging Private Limited Near PDPL Factory, Village Asravad, Nemawar Road, Indore, (MP)	IS 3062:1995 Crop Protection Equipment Rocker Sprayer-Specification	11-8-2008
3	8961908	M/s Sakti Wires 43-Chhatri Bag, Chhatripura, Indore- 452001 (MP)	IS 694:1990 PVC Insulated cables for working voltages upto and including 1100 V	14-8-2008
4	8956915	M/s Logic Poly Products 314/3, SDA Compound, Near Mayank Tol Kata, Dewas Naka, Indore (MP)	IS 3906:1995 Crop Protection Equipment Hand-operated Knapsack Sprayer, Piston Type- Specification	12-8-2008
5	8960195	M/s Vikas Tubes 90-91 Industrial Azea, Mandsaur- 458001 (MP)	IS 4985:2000 Unplasticized PVC Pipes for Potable water Supplies- Specification	19-8-2008

[No. CMD/13:11]

अम एवं रोजगार पंत्रालय नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्टूबर, 2008

का. आ. 3089.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 34) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एयरपोर्ट ऑफ्रोरिटी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रवंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय, इनीकुलम के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या आई.बी. 43/2006) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 20-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-11011/59/2004-आई आर (एम)]

कमल बाखक, डेस्क अधिकारी

MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3089.— In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. I.D. 43/2006) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Ernakulam now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Airport Authority of India and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 20-10-2008.

[No.L-11011/59/2004-IR (M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, ERNAKULAM

PRESENT

Shri P. L. Norbert, B.A., LL.B., Presiding Officer (Monday the 4th day of August 2008/13th Sravana 1930)

L D. 43/2006

(J. D. 17/2004 of Labour Court, Ernakulam)

Union : The Secretary,

Calicut Airport Employees Union (INTUC), Calicut Airport P. O.,

Kondotti, Calicut.

By Adv. Shri P. Chandrasekhar

Management

: The Airport Director,

Airport Authority of India, Karipur,

Calicut,

By Adv. T. Saji-

This case coming up for hearing on 28-7-2008, this Tribunal-cum-Labour Court on 4-8-2008 passed the following.

AWARD

This is a reference made under Section 10 (1)(d) of the Industrial Disputes Act. The reference is:—

- "Whether the industrial dispute raised by Calicut Airport Employees Union against the management of Airport Authority of India, Calicut over regularisation of service of 12 trolley retrieval workmen justified? If so, to what relief the concerned workmen are entitled?"
- 2. The cause of 12 Workers are espoused by the union. According to the union out of 12 workers, 11 were trolley retrieving workers and one was a supervisor in Calicut Airport. Some of them were working since 1991. Though they were taken through contractor, they were actually employed by Airport Authority. They were working continuously. Their work was of permanent nature. Though contractors changed, they continued. They were supervised and controlled by Airport Authority. Payment was made through contractor. However the contract was sham. When demand was made for regularisation the management denied employment. Hence the union prays for re-instatement and regularisation.
- 3. According to the management the 12 workers were not employed by management. There is no master-servant relationship. The trolly retrieving work was entrusted to a contractor on the basis of tender. The work is not perennial in nature. It is for the contractor to decide who should be the workers and management has no role in that matter. The management is not exercising any contract/supervision over the workers. Payment is made by the contractor. The successive contractors may or may not employ same workers. In 2004 there was a change in the contract. The workers have no right for regularisation or reinstatement.
- 4. In the light of the above contentions the only point that arises for consideration is:

Are the 12 workers the employees of Management?

The evidence consists of WW1 on Union's side and MW1 and Exts. M1 to M3 on Management's side.

- 5. The Point.— It is admitted by the union that the 12 workmen involved in the dispute were taken through contractor initially for trolley retrieval work in Calicut Airport. But their contention is that the contract was only a cover between the management and the employees. The workers were actually employed by the management. They were supervised and controlled by the management. They have been working continuously from 1991 onwards. Though contractors changed the workers remained the same. The payment was arranged by the management, However the management denies all the contentions of the union.
- 6. On the side of the union WW1 was examined. He is one of the workmen in the case. He claims to be a supervisor in the trolley retrieval work. Remaining 11 workers were trolley retreival workers. WW1 admits that initially workers were employed through contractor. He admits that the payment was arranged by the management to be paid through contractor. He further admits that wages was received from the contractors. He also admits that

entry passes were issued to the workers at the request of the contractor. However according to him the workers were working as per the direction of management. Whereas MW1 the witness on the management side denies that the workers were ever employed by the management. He says that the workers were engaged by the contractor. The trolley retrieval work was given on contract initially to one T. P. Aboobacker Haji. He engaged the workers of his choice and the management had no say in the matter. The management had no control or supervision over the employees. The management called for tender and accepted the low quotation of T. P. Aboobacker Haji and gave the contract. It was a revenue contract for advertisement, trolley retrieval and maintenance of trolley. Out of the income received from advertisement the contractor rised to meet the expenses of trolley retrieval and maintenance and pay licence fees Ext. M1 is the tender notice. Ext. M2 is: a letter of acceptance dated 26-12-2006 and Ext. M3 is an agreement dated 26-3-2007 with a subsequent contractor Sri. P. A. Musthafa, Other than the oral testimony of WW1 there is no evidence to show that the actual employment was by the Airport Authority and the contractor was only an intermediatory introduced to deprive the service benefits. to the workers. Regarding exercise of control and supervision the union has not been able to establish the same. Payment to the workers was made by the contractor as admitted by WW1. The passes were issued for the purpose of entry into the Airport premises, that too at the request of contractor (WW1 admits) and need not go to show that all those who were given passes, were employed of Airport Authority. There is no hint even in the testimony of WW1 regarding any disciplinary action taken by management from 1991 till they were terminated from service. in 2003. It may be true that the workers were working continuously for many years. But unless they were engaged by the management they acquire no right for employment under the management. Since payment is made by the contractor admittedly (WW1) there cannot be any record with the management regarding payment of wages. The work may be of perennial nature no long as the trolley retrieval work is continued by the management. But that is also no ground for claiming employment under the management. There is no averment and no case for the union that the contract system is abolished by government in order to claim regularisation of service. In Steel Authority of India Limited and Others vs. National Union Water Front Workers 2001-11-L1.J 1087 (para 119) the Hon'ble Supreme Court observes that first of all the contract labour should be abolished under Section 10 of Contract Labour (Regularisation and Abolition) Act by a notification by the concerned Government. That alone is not sufficient for claiming regularisation of service by contract workers. There is no automatic absorption of contract labour on issuing a notification by appropriate government prohibiting employment of contract labour in an establishment. The workers will have to prove that the arrangement of contract is a camouflage to deny benefits. of labour legislations to the workers. If that is proved then

the workers can claim regularisation under the management. As already mentioned there is not even an averment regarding abolition of contract system let alone evidence of actual engagement by the management. The workers were engaged by contractors alone from the very beginning till they were disengaged by the contractor in 2003. Hence the workers have no right either for re-instatement or for regularisation or for any relief.

In the result an award is passed finding that the 12 trolley retrieval workers have no right for regularisation of service under the management, the Airport Authority of India or for any other relief.

The award will come into force one month after its publication in the Official Gazette.

Dictated to the Personal Assistant, transcribed and typed by her, corrected and passed by me on this the 4th day of August, 2008.

P.1.: NORBERT, Presiding Officer

APPENDIX

Witnesses for the Workman:

WW1-23-8-2007 P. P. Ummer

Witnesses for the Management:

MW1 - 24-06-2008 - Sri G. Reghuvaran,

Exhibit for the Workman -

Nil

Exhibit for the Management -

MI Tender for Maintenance. Retrieval and advertisement rights on passenger baggage trolley at Calicui International Airport.

M2 Letter of acceptance of tender dated 26-12-2006.

M3 Licence Agreement dated 26-3-2007.

नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तुबर, 2008

का, आ, 3090.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संचद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 21 (सी)/2007) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-17012/16/2007-आई आर (एप)]

कमल बाखरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3090.— In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act. 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 21(C)) 2007) of the Industrial Tribunal, Patna now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L-17012/16/2007-IR (M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDNIC OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 21(C) of 2007

Between the Management of L.I.C. of India Patna Division and their workman Shri Pradeep Kumar, represented by B.M.S. Patna.

For the Management: Shri Naveen Kumar, A.O.

For the Workman: Shri Murari Parsad, representative of

B.M.S.

Present: Vasudeo Ram, Presiding Officer, Industrial

Tribunal, Patna.

AWARD

Patna, dated the 13th October, 2008

By adudication Order No.L-17012/16/2007-1R(M) dated 7-9-2007 the Govt. of India, Ministry of Labour, New Delhi, Under clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (hereinafter called 'the Act' for brevity) has referred the following dispute between the Management of L.L.C. of India, Frazer Road, Patna and their workman Shri Pradeep Kumar represented by B.M.S., Patna for adjudication to this Tribunal:

"Whether the action of the management of L.I.C. of India, Divisional Office, Patna in not regularising the services of daily wage worker Shri Pradeep Kumar, working for a long period and not giving him regular status of a permanent worker is justified and legal? If it is an unfair labour practice, what relief the worker is entitled to?"

- 2. Both the parties appeared on notice and filed statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the Ref. Case has been filed and moved on behalf of the workman. Under the circumstances 1 Presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence 'No Dispute Award' is passed.
 - 3. And that is my Award,

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer नई दिल्लो, 22 अक्तूबर, 2008

का. आ. 3091.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एंलआईसी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रवंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण पटना के पंचाट [संदर्भ संख्या 22(सी)/2007] को प्रकाशित करती हैं, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-17012/19/2007-आई आर (एम)] कमल बाखरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3091.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award [Ref. No. 22 (C)/2007] of the Industrial Tribunal, Patna now as shown in

the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L-17012/19/2007-IR (M)]

KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDNIG OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 22(C) of 2007

Between the Management of L.I.C. of India Patna and their workman Shri Mukesh Kumar, represented by B.M.S.

For the Management: Shri Naveen Kumar, A.O., Representative

For the Workman: Shri Murari Parsad, representative

Present: Vasudeo Ram. Presiding Officer.

Industrial Tribunai, Patna.

AWARD

Patna, dated the 13th October, 2008

By adudication order No.L-17012/19/2007-1R(M) dated 7-9-2007 the Govt, of India, Ministry of Labout, New Delhi, Under clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (hereinafter called 'the Act' for brevity) has referred the following dispute between the Management of Ł.I.C. of India, Frazer Road, Patna and their workman Shri Mukesh Kumar represented by B.M.S., Patna for adjudication to this Tribunal:-

"Whether the action of the management of L.I.C. of India, Divisional Office, Patna in not regularising the services of daily wage worker Shri Mukesh Kumar, working for a long period and not giving him regular status of a permanent worker is justified and legal? If it is an unfair labour practice, what relief the worker is entitled to?."

- 2. Both the parties appeared on notice and filed statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the Ref. Case has been filed and moved on behalf of the workman. Under the circumstances. I Presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence, 'No Dispute Award' is passed.
 - 3. And this is my Award.

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer वर्ड दिल्ली, 22 अक्तूबर, **2008**

का, आ, 3092.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिवियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण पटना के पंचाट [संदर्भ संख्या 38(सी)/2007] को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 की ख़ार हुआ था।

[सं. एल-17012/24/2007-आई आर (एम)] कमल बाखेरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Deltri, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3092.--- In pursuance of Section 12 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Contral Government hereby publishes the award [Ref. No. 383C]); 2007] of the Industrial Tribunal, Patha now as substain the Almexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of 1.11 on 10dia and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 2004-2008.

[No. L-17012/24/2007-00 (M)]

KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDNIG OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL, TRIBUNAU, SHRAM BHAWAN, BARLEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 38(C) of 2007

Between the Management of L.t.C. of India, Paula $O_{\rm CM}$ ion and their workman Stri Sunil Kumar, represented by R.M.S. Patna.

For the Management: Shri Navcen Ruman, A.O.,

Representative

For the Workman Shri Murari Postad.

Representative

Present: Vasudeo Ram, Presiding

Officer, Industrial Telegral,

Patna.

AWARD

Patna, dated the 13th October, 2008

By adodication order No 1-17012(24/2007) (16/45) dated 22-10-2007 (he Government of India, Manage of Labour, New 16/46; Under clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2/4) of Section 10 of the indential Disputes (a) 16/47 (hereinafter called the 4/4) for brevity (16/40) ed the Iotiowing dispute between the Manageo cas of Let C. of India, Frazer Road, Parageous (box worker); Na Smill Kinnar represented by B N (8). Patha for adjudic, non-to-this Tribunal.

"Whether the action of the management of file of litelia. Prove the 2-Office, Patrix in not reach a sogither according to the provention of the file of the provention of the

- 2. Math process as concerned on principal to a statement of the control of subsequently a period of the second with a second transport to the task been filled and make a recommendation to be processed with the control of the between the particle and three of the Origin to a passed.
 - 3. And that is now Award.

MASSIBLE CAPACITY OF STREET

नई दिल्ली, ३० अक्षबर, २००८

का. 30.3.— जीर्गांधक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947) का. 14) की थारा 17 का निर्माण में, बोन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधती का पंत्रद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिश कीर्शांगक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधि करण, पटना के पंचाट (24% किया 4(भी)/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो कोर्द्राय राज्य से 1,32 (1) 2008 को प्राप्त हुआ थार

[स. ५५ । ७०० ३४<mark>४८/२०**०७-आई आर (एव)** |</mark>

कमत **बाखरू, इंस्क आधि**कारी

New Delhi, the 10nd October, 2008.

S.O. 3093.—In aurynamice of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act. 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award [Ref. No. 4(C) 2008] of the Industrial informal, Patra now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India and their workmen, the Hosti by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

 $|\{ \rm No.15.17012446/20074R\,(M) \}|$

1. ANEAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEYURE

BEFORE THE PRESHONG OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAYU BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 4(C) of 2007

Between the Manageri state of U.F.C. of India Patna and their workman Sri Rapot icappan, represented by B.M.S. Patna.

For the Management (See § 1) Mukherjee, Representative (1) It.

For the Workman . St. Matani Parsad, representative of

8.388

Present: A roadco Rom Presiding Officer.

lestes d'al Trabanal, Patha-

ANVARD

Patna, dated rise 18th October, 2008.

By adudication order No.1, 17012/46/2007-[R(M)] dated 4-1-2008 the Government of India, Ministry of Exhous, New Dobotto, and sub-section (2) to the first sub-section (3) to the first sub-section (4) to the first sub-section (4) to the first sub-section (5) to the first sub-section (6) to the first and succeed the Maxemment of Lagrangian (5). The sub-section to this has another to this sub-section to this has accident to the first has a section to this has a continuous this had accident to the first had sub-section to the first had accident had accident to the first had accident had acci

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Vol. 1.13 ORAM, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तूबर, 2008

का, आ. 3094.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17. के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निर्दिष्ट आंद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट (संदर्भ सं. 5 (सी)/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, बो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-17012/47/2007-आई आर (एम)] कमल बाखरू डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3094,—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 5 (C)/2008) of the Industrial Tribunal, Patna now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L=17012/47/2007-IR(M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 5(C) of 2008

Between the Management of LIC of India, Patna and their workman Sri Upendra Kumar, represented by B.M.S.

For the Management: Sri T. T. Mukherjee, Representative

For the Workman : Sri Murari Prasad, Representative

PRESENT: Vasudeo Ram, Presiding Officer, Industrial Tribunal, Pama

AWARD

Patna, Dated, the 13th October, 2008

By adjudication Order No. L-17012/47/2007-tR (M), dated, the 4th January, 2008, the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, New Delhi, under clause (d) of subsection (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (hereinafter called 'the Act' for brevity) has referred the following dispute between the management of LIC of India, Frazer Road, Patna and their workman Shri Upendra Kumar, represented by B.M.S., Patna for adjudication to this Tribunal;

"Whether the action of the management of LIC of India, Divisional Office, Patna in not regularising the services of daily wage worker S/Sh. Upendra Kumar & Sunil Kumar, working for a long period and not giving them regular status of a permanent worker is

justified and legal? If not, what relief S/Sh. Upendra Kumar & Sunil Kumar are entitled to?

- 2. Both the parties appeared on notice and filed statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the reference case has been filed and moved on behalf of the workmen. Under the circumstances I presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence "No dispute Award" is passed.
 - 3. And that is my Award.

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 20 अक्तूबर, 2008

का.आ. 3095,—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, कंन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंण्डिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट (संदर्भ सं. 6(सी)/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो कंन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्रान्त हुआ था।

> [सं. एल-17012/48/2007-आईआर (एम)] कमल बाखरू, प्रेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3095.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 6 (C)/2008) of the Industrial Tribunal, Patna now as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L-170)2/48/2007-IR(M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 6(C) of 2008

Between the Management of LIC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Shri Gopal Ram, represented by B.M.S.

For the Management: Shri T. T. Mukhetjee, Representative of LIC

For the Workman : Sri Murari Prasad, Representative of B.M.S.

PRESENT: Vasudeo Ram, Presiding Officer,

Industrial Tribunal, Patna

AWARD

Patna, dated the 14th October, 2008

By adjudication Order No. L-17012/48/2007-JR(M) dated 4-1-2008, the Government of India, Ministry of **Labour, New Delhi, under clause (d) of sub-section (1)** and sub-section (2A) of Section-10 of the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947 (hereinafter called 'the Act' for brevbity) has referent the following dispute between the management of Li(a) India Ltd., and their workman Shri Gopal Ram, represented by **B.M.S.**, **Patna for adjudication to this Tribunal**:

"Whether the action of the management of EEC of India, Divisional Office, Patha in not regularising the services of daily wage worker Sh. Gopal Ram, working for a long period and not giving him regular states of a permanent worker is justified and legal? If not what relief Shri. Gopal Ram is entitled to?".

2. Both the parties appeared on notice and filed statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the reference has been filed and moved on behalf of workman. Under the circumstances I presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence' A No dispute Award, is passed.

And thin is my Award.

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer. नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तूबर, 2008

का,आ, ३०१६.-- औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, १९४७ (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 को अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय धरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इण्डिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निर्दिग्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट (संदर्भ सं. ७ (सी)/2008) को प्रकाशित **करती है, जो कोन्द्रीय सरका**र को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-17012/49/2007-आईआर (एम / |

कपल बाखरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. **3096.**—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central **Government** hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 7 (C): 2008) of the Industrial Tribunal, Patna now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

> (No. L-17012/49/2007-IR(Mill KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 7(C) of 2008

Between the Management of LIC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Sri Lal Mohan Ram, represented by B.M S. For the Management: Sri T. T. Mukherjee, Representative

of LIC.

For the Workman : Sri Murari Prasad, Representative

of BMS.

PRESENT: Vasudoo Ram, Presiding Officer, Industrial Tribunal, Patna

AWARD

Patna, Dated, the PMFOctober, 2008

By adjudication Order No. 1-17012/49/2007-IR (M) dated 4-1-2008, the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, New Delhi under Ciauso (d) of sub-section (f) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (hereinafter calley) the Act' for brevity) has referred the following dispute between the management of LJC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Sri Lat Mohan Ram, represented by B.M.S. Platna for adjudication to this Tribunal:

> "Whether the action of the management of IAC of India, Divisional Office Cama in not regularising the services of daily wage worker Sh. Lal Mohan Ram. working for a long persed and not giving him regular **status of a perman**era worker is justified and legal" [[not, what relief Sh. Lat Mohan Ram are entitled to?

- Both the parties appeared on notice and filed. statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the reference has been filed and moved on behalf of workman. Under the circumstances I presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence a "No Dispute Award" is passed.
 - 3. And this is my Award

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तुबर, 2008

का.आ. 3097,—आंद्रांतिंगक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 12 के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंग्डिया के प्रवंधनंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निहित्य औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट (संदर्भ मं. 14 (सी)/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार का 22-10, 2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

> [सं. एल - (७८) 2/57/2007। आई आर (ए५)] कमल आखरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3097.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 14 (C) 2008) of the Industrial Tribunal, Patha now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the atmagement of LIC of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

> 4No. L-17012/57/2007-IR(M)[KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 14(C) of 2008

Between the Management of LIC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Sri Rajesh Kumar, represented by B M S.

For the Management : Sri T. T. Mukherjee, Representative

of LIC.

For the Workman : Sri Murari Prasad, Representative

of BMS.

PRESENT: Vasudeo Ram, Presiding Officer,

Industrial Tribunal, Patna

AWARD

Patna, Dated, the 14th October, 2008

By adjudication Order No. L-17012/57-2007-IR (M) Dated 7-1-2008, the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, New Delhi, under Clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (hereinafter called 'the Act' for brevity) has referred the following dispute between the management of LIC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Shri Rajesh Kuman, represented by B.M.S., Patna for adjudication to this Tribunal:

"Whether the action of the management of LIC of India, Divisional Office, Patna in not regularising the services of daily wage worker Sh. Rajesh Kumar, working for a long period and not giving him regular status of a permanent worker is justified and legal? If not, what relief Shri Rajesh Kumar is entitled to?".

- 2. Both the parties appeared on notice and filed statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the reference has been filed and moved on behalf of the workman. Under the circumstances I presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence 'No Dispute Award' is passed.
 - And this is my Award.

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तूबर, 2008

का.आ. 3098.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंडिया लि., के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट (संदर्भ सं. 15 (सी)/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-17012/58/2007-आईआर(एम)] कमल **बाखरू**, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3098.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 15 (C)/2008) of the Industrial Tribunal/Patna now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial, Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of LIC of India

Ltd., and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L-17012/58/2007-IR(M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 15(C) of 2008

Between the Management of LIC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Sri Birendra Prasad, represented by B.M.S.

For the Management : Sri T. T. Mukherjee, Representative of LIC.

For the Workman

: Sri Murari Prasad, Representative

of BMS.

PRESENT: Vasudeo Ram, Presiding Officer,

Industrial Tribunal, Patna

AWARD

Patna, Dated, the 14th October, 2008

By adjudication Order No. L-17012/58/2007-IR (M) Dated 7-1-2008, the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, New Dethi, under Clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (hereinafter called 'the Act' for brevity) has referred the following dispute between the management of LIC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Shri Birendra Prasad, represented by B.M.S., Patna for adjudication to this Tribunal:

"Whether the action of the management of LIC of India Ltd., Divisional Office, Pama in not regularising the services of daily—wage worker Sh. Birendra Prasad, working for a long period and not giving him regular status of a permanent worker is justified and legal? If not, what relief—Shri Birendra Prasad is emitted to?".

- 2. Both the parties appeared on notice and filed statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the reference has been filed and moved on behalf of the workman. Under the circumstances I presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence 'No Dispute Award' is passed.
 - 3. And this is my Award.

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तूबर, 2008

का.आ. 3099,—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार एलआईसी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में औद्योगिक **अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट** (संदर्भ सं. 16 (सी)/2008) को प्रकारणह करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ ⁹³ :

> [सं. एल-1701**2/59/2007- आई आर** १९००] कमल बाखक, डेस्क अधिकार

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3099. In pursuance of Section 37 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Control Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 1670 of 2008) of the Industrial Tribunal, Patria now as showe at the Annexure in the Industrial Dispute between 66, employers in relation to the management of LIC of (act, a and their workman, which was received by the Control Government on 22-10-2008.

(No.L-17012/59/2007/IRC/1)) KAMAL BAKURU, Desk Office

ANNENURE

BEFORE THE PRESIDING OFFICER, INDUSTRIAS TRIBUNAL, SHRAM BHAWAN, BAILEY ROAD, PATNA

Reference Case No. 16(C) of 2008

Between the Management of LIC of India Ltd., Patra and their workman Sri Santosh Komar, represented by ${\bf 8}^{(n)}$

For the Management (Sri T. T. Mickherjee, Representative of LIC)

For the Workman : Sr. Muran Prasad, Representative of BMS.

PRESENT: Vasadeo Ram, Presiding Officer, Industrial Tribunal, Paina

AWARD

Patna, Dated, the 15th October, 2008

By adjudication Order No. L-17012159 (2007-(R)) 13 Dated 7-1-2008, the Government of India. Ministry of Labour, New Delhi, noder Clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Displays Act, 1947 (hereinafter called "the Act" for breview has referred the following dispute between the management of LIC of India Ltd., Pama and their workman Shri Sciencia, Kumar, represented by B.M.S., Patna for adjudication in this Tribunal:

"Whether the action of the management of L30 12 India Ltd., Devisional Office, Patra in not regulate that the services of faily lwage worker Sh. Santosh Kundal working for a long period and not giving him regular status of a permanent worker is justified? If not, what relief. Sh. Santosh Kumar ontitled to?".

2. Both the parties appeared on notice and 60% statement of claim and the written statement. Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the reference has been till, I and moved on behalf of the workman. Under the circumstances I presume that now no dispute example.

between the parties and '8 %. 20 Dispute Award' is passed.

And that is my A □ ...

VASCO PARAM, Presiding Officer

मई दिलकी - १७४१७४८, ३००४

कह, आह. 3100. — श्री कि ताल कि अधिवियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा ११ के किएन में केन्द्रीय भरकार एल आई सी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रयोध के अध्याद नियोजकों और उनक कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में कि के कारण कि जिलाद में औद्योगिक अधिकरण, पटना के पंचाट (कार्य में 17 को)/2008) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय करण अब ११ का कि 2008 को प्राण हुआ था।

> [सं. एक १ %: १ (४ (१९४) - आई आर (एम) } ०२५ अध्यक्ष डंस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the had been stooded, 2008

S.O. 3100. In parasiment of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act. 171. (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby published the observed (Ref. No. 1730) 2008) of the Industrial Transach, that a now as shown in the Annexure in the Industrial Compute between the employers in relation to the analysis from of LIC of Industrial their workman, while the contract of the Central Government on 22-10-20%.

gradia 17902 60'2007-IR(M) k ilinara a No IRU, Desk Officer

Agree of the

BEFORE THE PRESIDENCE OF FREE RANGESTRIAL TRIBUNAL, SHRAMET OF AN BARLEY ROAD, FARTER

Reference Cash in 2001 and 2008

Between the Managements and a CEL dual Id., Patha and their workman Sri Davanaus and the corp, exceeded by B.M.S.

For the Management (Siz 1) is the product. Representative of Lie

For the Workman (1) Sr(N) (1) Trained, Representative of BN (1)

PRESENT : Vicinity design Presiding Officer, hierarchia distancia. Patria

ANASSE

Pama, Dated, 6a. and vs. vtober, 2008.

By adjudication Order (a) 1 = 7012/60/30074R (M) Dated 7-1-2008, the Governor at of India, Ministry of Labour, New Delhi, under Classes (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 ministry had business Act, 1947 (hereinafter called the Notifier brevisy) has referred the following dispute: Acceptage the management of

LIC of India Ltd., Patna and their workman Shri Dayanand Kumar, represented by B.M.S., Patna for adjudication to this Tribunal:

"Whether the action of the management of LIC of India, Divisional Office, Patna in not regularising the services of daily wage worker Sh. Dayanand Kumar, working for a long period and not giving him regular status of a permanent worker is justified and legal? If not, what relief Shri Dayanand Kumar is entitled to?".

- 2. Both the parties appeared on notice and filed statement of claim and the written statement, Subsequently a petition for withdrawal of the reference has been filed and moved on behalf of the workman. Under the circumstances I presume that now no dispute exists between the parties and hence a "No Dispute Award is passed."
 - 3. And this is my Award.

VASUDEO RAM, Presiding Officer गई दिल्ली, 22 कक्टूबर, 2008

का. आ, 3101.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में कंन्द्रीय सरकार त्रिवेन्द्रम एयरपोर्ट ऑथोरिटी ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय इनक्तुलम के पंचाट (संदर्भ सं. आई डी-123/2006) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-11011/4/2002-आईआर (एम)] कमल बाखरू, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3101.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 1, D. 123/2006) of the Central Govt. Industrial Tribunal/Labour Court, Ernakulam now as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Trivandrum Airport Authority of India and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L-11011/4/2002-IR(M)] KAMAL BAKHRU, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL -CUM-LABOUR COURT, ERNAKULAM

Present: Shri P. L. Norbert, B.A., LL.B., Presiding Officer (Monday the 25th day of August 2008 3rd Bhadrapadh 1930)

1. D. 123/2006

(I.D. 76/2002 of Industrial Tribunal, Kollam)

Sh. M. Mohanan, Athivilakathu Veedu, TC 41/1647, Manacaud, Trivandrum. By Adv. Sri, Anil Narayan,

-Workman

1. The Airport Director, Trivandrum Airport Authority of India, Kerala, Trivandrum-695008

By Adv. Sri K.L. Narasimhan

2. The Manager, Ex-servicemens Industrial Security Guards (P) Ltd., TC 16/321, Eswaravilasam Road, Jagathy 14, Trivandrum.

-- Management

By Adv. Lexmana lyer.

This case coming up for hearing on 19-08-2008, this Tribunal-cum-Labour Court on 25-08-2008 passed the following.

AWARD

This is a reference made under Section 10(1)(d) of Industrial Disputes Act. The reference is:

- (A) Whether Shri M. Mohanan a security guard engaged through contractor M/s. Ex-servicemen's Industrial Guards (P) Ltd., in the establishment of Airport Authority of India at Trivandrum Airport is entitled to regularisation by the Airport Authority of India?
- (B) "Whether the contract between the Airport Authority of India and M/s. Ex-servicemen' Industrial Guards (P) Ltd., was genuine one or a sham contract? If so, to what relief the workman concerned is entitled to?"
- The facts of the case in brief are as follows:— Shri M. Mohanan was working as Security Guard in Airport of Trivandrum from 10-02-1996 to 31-12-1996. Thereafter he was not engaged. According to the worker though he joined service through contractor M/s. Ex-Servicemens' Industrial Guards (P) Ltd, the real employer was Airport Authority. The contract between M/s. Ex- Servicemens' Industrial Guards (P) Ltd, and Airport Authority is sham. The worker was controlled and supervised by Airport Authority the first management. The disciplinary control was also vested with Airport Authority. Along with him 15 other security guards were working. They were absorbed in Airport Authority as per the decision of Hon'ble Supreme Court in Air India Statutory Corporation case. The worker alone was not absorbed. He had worked more than 240 days continuously in an year. However he was retrenched without following the procedure for retrenchment under the L.D. Act. He is entitled to be re-instated and regularised in service.

- According to the management the worker was not. employed by the first management, but was an employee of the 2nd management. There was no master-servant relationship between worker and the first management Airport Authority did not exercise control or supervision over the worker. The first management had only administrative supervision over the workers. The clanmant had filed an O.P. before the High Court for the same relief, But he did not succeed. He had no case before the High Court that the contract is sham. He has not worked 240. days as claimed by him. Even if he has worked so long he has no right for absorption or re-instatement. As per the decision of Supreme Court the security guards, who were working during the relevant period as per the list provided by the 2nd management contractor, were regularised. The claimant was not working during the relevant period and his name was not there in the list. Hence the first management could not absorb him. The claimant is not entitled either for reinstatement or for absorption or for any other relief.
- 4. In the light of the above contentions the following points arise for consideration.
 - 1. Is the contract between first and 2nd management, genuine?
 - 2. Is the claimant entitled for absorption?
 - 3. Is he entitled for reinstatement?

The evidence consists of the oral testimony of WW1 and documentary evidence of Ext. W-1 on the side of the claimant and MW1 and Exts. M-1 to M-4 on the side of the management.

5. Points No. 1 & 2 :—Admittedly there was a contract between first management (Airport Authority) and 2nd management (Contractor), The claimant admits that he joined service in the Airport Trivandrum as security good through the 2nd management contractor on 10-02-1996. There were 15 other security guards similarly appointed, But his case is that the contract was only a camouflage and the real employer was the first management. According to him the supervision and control were exercised by the first management. The disciplinary control was also exercised by the first management. WW1 is the worker. He has stated in terms of the contentions in the claim statement. According to him it was the Assistant Engineer of the Airport who was controlling and supervising the security guards including the claimant. The power to take disciplinary action was vested with the Airport. Weekly off was given by the Assistant Engineer. Once the Assistant Engineer denied two days' work for the reason that he did not give due respect to the Assistant Engineer. The Assistant Engineer was maintaining attendance register. The claimant relies on Ext. W1 agreement between first and 2nd management to substantiate the contention that the contract is sham. The relevent terms of the contract are

"(3)	 "	
		by the security agency to its employees in the
		presence of a representative of the authority
		designated for the purpose by the Airport
		Director
		PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
		The authority will make payment on or before
		the 10th day of the month on the submission
		of a certificate of attendance and certificate of
		satisfactory performance from the concerned
		officer-in-charge of the Authority

The Authority reserves the right to reduce or increase the number of security guards and security supervisors......

(8) "The agency shall provide to their security guards.

- neat and clean uniforms as approved by the International Airport Authority of India.

 All the security guards of the Agency shall wear the uniform wherever on duty in the said premises. In the event of any security guard being found without uniform, he will not be allowed to join duty and will be marked absent for that day, the security guards as well as the security supervisors who are posted at various places as determined by the Airport Director from time to time will report to the concerned officer authorized in this connection at the time of joining and leaving duty every day and the aforesaid officer-in -charge will maintain Muster Roll/Attendance Register of the duties of such security guards and security supervisors.
- 15. The authority has the right to check, search or examine the person and belongings of the security guards of the agency white entering leaving the said premises and they will not leave the premises unless authorised by the concerned authority.
- 16. The security guards of the agency will abide by the rules and regulations of the authority while performing their job in the said premises.
- 18. The security guard shall engage themselves for the specified purpose for which they are deployed by the Authority. In case any security guard is found engaged in doing any other work, his entry permit shall be confiscated and cancelled......
- 6. The terms referred above make it clear that the wages has to be paid by the security agency (Contractor), but in the presence of a representative of the first

management. The first management has the right to reduce or increase the number of security guards and supervisors. The strength of guards depends on the needs of Airport and can be decided only by the Airport Authority and not by a contractor. Therefore on that count it cannot be said that the contract is sham. Clause 8 is in respect of the uniform. As the security guards are working in the airport in security areas the Airport has every right to require the agency that their workman should be in uniform so that they could be identified. It is not an act of exercise of control over the workers. Everyone working in the Airport whether permanent staff or contract workers have to abide by the general discipline of the Airport. So also the term that the places where the security guards are to be posted will be decided by the Airport Director does not mean that the workers are controlled by the Airport Authority. It is the Airport Authority which has to determine which areas are to be guarded. That cannot be left to the decision of the contractor. In the same clause it is mentioned that the securitry guards have to report to the officer-in-charge of the Airport at the time of joining and leaving duty everyday and the said officer shall maintain attendance register of the security guards and supervisors. This is for the purpose of ensuring that the workers of contractor is attending to the duties and sufficient security is ensured in the areas of the Airport which are sensitive and not for the purpose of paying wages or other service benefits to the workers. It is a personal service in a security area and the officers of Airport has a duty to watch whether service is rendered. Clause 15 says that while entering and leaving Airport premises the security guards will be checked and searched by the officers of the Airport Authority. Being a security area the first management has to make sure that nothing is brought in or nothing is taken out of the Airport by the security guards. That is not an act of exercise of any control or supervision by the Airport Authority. Clause 16 says that the security guards will abide by the rules and regulations of the authority while performing their job in the premises. It is a general rule of discipline to be observed by all the workers in the premises of the Airport whether regular or contractual. Clause 18 refers to the deployment of security guards by the first management. It is for the Airport Authority to decide for what purposes the security guards should be deployed each day. This cannot be decided by a contractor. Depending upon the needs of each day the authority will deploy the workers. It cannot be considered as an act of control over the workers. Clause 19 empowers the 1st management to prevent employment of any person which it considers undezirable and also to determine the routes of entry and exit from Airport premises. Since the guards are deployed in sensitive areas it is the duty of 1st management to see that they are disciplined persons without any criminal background. For the purpose of checking them during entry and exit their routes are restricted and determined by 1st management. These are inevitable conditions for working in Airport

security area and cannot be treated as an act of exercise of control or supervision.

7. The worker (WWI) has no case that the payment was made by the first management. MW1 the officer of the first management has denied that the first management exercises control and supervision over the workers. According to him the supervisor of contractor used to give directions to the security guards. The worker used to report to the contractor and not to the Airport Authority. Ext. M.3 is a statement submitted by the contractor to Assistant Labour Commissioner, It is contended in Ext. M.3 that the contract was for a short period, that normally at the end of contract period the workers will be relieved, that if a fresh contract is signed as far as possible the same workers will be engaged, that the worker in question was engaged by the contractor as bird scarer w.e.f. 23-04-1997, that he did not report for duty nor approached the contractor for job thereafter and that the disciplinary control, grant of weekly off, payment of salary etc. are absolutely the responsibility of the contractor and not of the first management. The Airport Authority had directed the contractor to furnish certain information regarding the workers under the contractor. Accordingly the contractor furnished details of 14 workers who were all Ex-agraidemen. At that time the claimant was not on the rolls of the contractor, Ext.M4 is licence issued to contractor u/s.12(1) of Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act, 1970. Though the worker says that he was denied work for two days by the Assistant Engineer of Airport as a punishment for not giving due respect to the Assistant Engineer, the contention is not substantiated and cannot be treated as an instance of disciplinary control by 1st management. The contractor (2nd management) does not support him. It is submitted on behalf of the worker that the Assistant Engineer was the officer who was controlling and supervising the worker and if he was examined, the truth would have come out. But it it for the 1st management to decide who should be their witness. If the worker wanted, he could have summoned him. So also the 2nd contractor is not examined. But the stand of the 2nd management is disclosed by Ext. M.3 statement submitted to A.L.C. The worker had approached the Hop'ble High Court in O.P. 9328 of 1998 (Ext. M.1) praying for the same relief. He did not succeed. O.P. was disposed of with the observation that the rights of the worker and similar workers are regulated by the decision of the Apex Court in Steel Authority of India Limited v. National Union Water Front Workers 2001-II-L.L.J. 1087 [2001 (5) SCALE 626]. The relevant portion of para 65 reads :

> Where a workman is hired in or in connection with the work of an establishment by the principal employer through contractor, he merely acts as an agent so there will be master and servant relationship between the principal camployer and the workman.

But where a workman is hired in or in connection with the work of an establishment by a contractor, either because he has undertaken to produce a given result for the establishment or because he supplies workmen for any work of the establishment a question might arise whether the contractor is a mere camouflage as in Hussainbhaí Calicut's case (supra), and in Indian Petrochemicals Corporation's case (supra), etc.; if the answer is in the affirmative, the workman will be in fact an employee of the principal employer; but if the answer is in the negative, the workman will be a contract tabour."

In the light of the above decision it is for the worker. to establish that he was hired for the work in Airport by the 1st management through contractor, but not by the contractor. There is no such evidence in this case. The worker has not called for records, if any, from either the Airport Authority or the contractor. He cannot expect voluntary production of documents by the managements, Whereas in Lxt M3 the contractor contends that he was maintaining the records and making payments. The disciplinary control was also with him. In O.P. the worker had no case that the contract was sham. But according to the learned counsel for the worker the claimant was seeking absorption on the basis of the decision in Air India Statutory Corporation and others Vs. United Labour Union and others. 1997-1-LLJ 1113 (S. C.) But this decision was overruled prospectively in Steel Authority of India Limited but declaring that any direction issued by Industrial Adjudicator/any court for absorption of contract labour following the judgment in Air India's case shall hold good. and the same shall not be set aside, altered or modified on the basis of the judgment in Steel Authority of India in cases where such direction has been given effect to and has become final. But it was held that there is no automatic absorption of contract labour on issuance of a notification. by the Government under Section 10(1) of Contract Labour. (Regulation & Abolition) Act, 1970 prohibiting employment of contract labour. According to the managements the worker's name was not there in the rolls of 2nd management. contractor. Therefore, there is no question of absorbing him on the basis of the decision in Air India Statebory. Corporation case. Thereafter when the decision is steel. Authority of India was rendeard the absorption of contract. labour merch, on the strength of a notification, under Section 10(1) of CLEA Act is not permissable. That was also the petitioner tamiot succeed to claim absorption

9. As already mentioned since the worker [ais a) the service through contractor initially it is for him to prove that the contract was only a smokescreen between the principal employer and the workers. The clausest has miserably failed to prove the same. Therefore, it is not possible to hold that the contract is sham. Hence he is not entitled for absorption.

10. Point No.3:- The worker claims that he had been working continuously for more than 240 days from 10-02-1996 to 31-12-1996. But it is not admitted either by the first management or by the 2nd management (Ext.M3 statement). Assuming that he had worked 240 days or more continuously still it was under the 2nd management and not under the first management. Therefore the question of giving notice or compensation by the 1st management under Section 25-F of 1 O. Act does not arise. Unless he was a worker directly under the first management he is also not entitled for reinstatement under the first management. It is for the 2nd management to consider the employment of the worker according to their discretion. The worker has not acquired any right whateverto claim employment under the first management.

11. In the result an award is passed finding that the worker Sri M.Mohanan is not entitled for regularisation or re-instatement or any other relief in 1st management and the contract between Airport Authority of India and M/s.Ex-Servicemens' Industrial Guards (P.) Ltd. is a genuine contract.

The award will come into force one month after its publication in the Official Cazette.

Dictated to the Personal Assistant, transcribed and typed by her, corrected and passed by me on this the 25th day of August, 2008.

P. L. NORBERT, Presiding Officer

APPENDIX

Witness for workman

WW1 - 24-8-2004 Start K. Madhayon Najr.

Witness for Management

MW1 - 25-2-2008 Shrt John Nellimala Sarai

Exhibit for the workman

 W1 - Agreement between Airport Authority & Contractor dated 31-3-1995 (Original).

Exhibit for the Management

M 1	•	Copy of O.P No.9328/1998 filed be-
		for the Hon'ble High Court of
		Merula

M2 - Copy of Judgment in O. P. 9328/1998.

M3 - Copy of letter No EIG/1027/AA1/ 7(a)2TVM dated 16-1-2002 of Ex-servicemen Industrial Guards (P.) Ltd.

M4 - Copt of Licence No.CL/L/95/ALC: TVM dated 21-2-1995 issued by ALC

⊖ (Frivandrum).

नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तूबर, 2008

का.आ. 3102.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में केन्द्रीय सरकार में. बी. सी.सी.एल. के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबन्ध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय संख्यां-1, धनबाद के पंचाट (संदर्भ सं. 310/2000) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-20012/202/2000-आईआर(सी-I)] स्नेष्ठ लता जवास, डेस्क *अधिकारी*

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3102.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 310/2000) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Count, No. 1 Dhanbad now as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M/s. BCCL and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L-20012/202/2000-IR(C-I)] SNEH LATA JAWAS, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO.-1, DHANBAD

In the matter of a reference U/s, 10(1) (d) (2A) of the industrial Disputes Act,

Reference No. 310/2000

PARTIES: Employers in relation to the management of Kustore Area of M/s. B.C.C. Ltd.

AND

Their Workman

PRESENT: Shri H.M. Singh, Presiding Officer,

APPEARANCES:

For the Employers

Shri D.K. Verma, Advocate.

For the Workmen

Shri N.G. Arım, Authorised

Representative.

State: Jharkhand

Industry: Coal

Dated, the 15th September, 2008

AWARD

By Order No. L-20012/202/2000 (C-1) dated 18-10-2000 the Central Government in the Ministry of Labour has, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2A) of Section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, referred the dispute for adjudication to this tribunal with following schedule: "क्या मैसर्स भारत कोकिंग कोल लि. के प्रबंधन द्वारा श्री चासुदेव कुम्हार दर्फ कसुदेव यादव, रात्रि प्रहरी, बुरागढ कोलियरी को उसकी सेवायोजन से सेवायच्युत करना विधिसम्मठ एवं न्याय की दृष्टि से सही एवं उचित है, यदि नहीं तो कर्मकार किन लामों को पाने का हकदार है"

2. The workman has filed written statement stating that Basdeo Kumhar alias Basdeo Yadav had been working at Burragarh Colliery since the date of his appointment i.e. 17-10-1971, and his CMPF number and 1.D. Card number was D/541571 and 71616 respectively. He was performing the job of Night Guard to the entrire satisfaction of the higher authority with unblemished record.

During tenure of his service he was nerver chargesheeted nor punished for any misconduct. When he came to know that his name is wrongly mentioned as Basdeo Kumhar in place of Basdeo Yadav then he rushed to the management and had requested the management to rectify his surname as 'Yaday' in place of 'Kumhar' in 'when he failed to get relief then he had represented to the mangement of Burragath Collicry on 6-8-87 along with an affidavit swom by him before Notary Public that his surname has been wrongly mentioned as 'Kumhar' in place of 'Yadav'. So, it had been requested therein that his surname should be rectified in all statutuory records as Basdeo Yaday S/o Sakhraj Yadav in place of Basdeo Kumhar S/o Sakhrai Kumhar. His surname had not been rectified, rether a charge-sheet had been issued to the concerned workman vide its no. BCCL /BA/BSH/91/41 dated 16-1-92. The concerned workman submitted his explanation to the charge-sheet and the mangement was not satisfied with his explanation and a departmental enquiry was held. The enquiry was not conducted fairly and impartially. The charges levelled against him were vague and were not specific. During the course of enquiry principle of natural justice had not been followed. The concerned workman was not given full opportunity to adduce his evidence in support of his defence, so it was a defective enquiry and on the basis of this enquiry the workman should not had been punished. It has been submitted that during the period of private management of coal mines the name of workmen wer frequently changed false and concocted Form 'B' used to maintain to avoid the compliance of Industrial Laws. It is also submitted that a large number of cases cropped up due to negligence of the dealing clerk who had maintained the Form 'B' Register on the eve of take over of coal mines. It is also submitted that right from the date of appointment of Basdeo Kumhar alias Basdeo Yaday to till his illegal dismissal none has come forward or appeared physically before the management with a complaint that he is the genuine employee and present Basdeo Kumhar alias Basdeo Yadav is a fictitious person. Apart from these the imaginary person should had lodged a complaint between this span of time of 20 years right from joining to illegal dismissal that the genuineness of present Basdeo Kumhar atias Basdeo Yadav should be verified as complainant is a

genuine employee. During the course of domestic enquiry neither so called genuine employee has neither appeared and adduced evidence before the Enquiry Officer nor the management as well as the Enquiry Officer made any effort to get him produced to record his evidence. It has been urged that the management has been trying to imaginery person as real employee, but neither submitted his antecedent nor submitted his photograph duly certified by Mukhiya, B.D.O. and other Government agency so that his identity can be verified by the investigating Authority. He has not been given second opportunity by serving a show cause against the proposed punishment of dismissal . So it has also been prayed that the management should have given lesser punishment to the workman either stoppage of annual increment, or put in badli/causai list or reduction in rank.

It has been prayed that an award be passed setting the order of dismissal and reinstating the concerned wokman with full back wages andother fringe benefits with retrospective effect.

Written statment has been filed by the management. stating therin that the present dispute is not maintainable either in law or on facts and the present dispute has been raised by the union after lapse of six years and such the pesent dispute is belated one and not maintainable in the eye of law. It has been stated that Basdeo Kumhar, the cocerned workman, working as a Night Guard in Burragarh. Colliery was an imposter. His actual name was Ram Janam. Yadav, Accordingly Basdeo Kumhar, vide letter No. 991 dated 13-10-91 was asked to submit the certificate of his genuieness issued under signature of Mukhiya/B.D.O. of his native village. Sri Kumhar did not submit the required. certificate of genuineness. Again vide letter No. 7 dated 2-1-92 he was asked to submit the same, but he failed. He was charge-sheeted vide letter No.41, dated 16-1-92 for wilful in subordination or disobediance or any lawful or reasonable order of higher authority and giving false information regarding his particulars for the purpose of employment,age and other particulars required by the company, under clause 26-1-10 and 16-1-12 of the certified standing Orders of the Company. The reply submitted by the concerned workman was not found satisfactory and it was decided to conduct domestic enquiry into the above charge-sheet. Sri K.B. Singh, the then Security Inspector, Bhalgora area was asked by the management to conduct a confidential enquiry in order to ascertain the correctness. of the identity of Basdeo Kumhar, Sri K.B. Singh went to the native village of Basdeo Kumhar alias Basdeo Yadav at the village Makipur, P.O. Parsia, P.S. Rosra, Dist. Balia (U.P.) and met his mother, Smt. Chanari who identified the photograph of one Ram Janam Yadav and confirmed that the photograph was of her son. She also told that he was working in Burragarh Colliery of Dhanbad in the name of some other parson. Other villagers also identified the photograph to be of Ram Janam, Yaday S/o late Sakhraji Yaday. On further investigation, it was revealed that there was only person of the name of Basdeo Yaday in that village, who was local pradhan and cousin brother of Ram.

janam Yadav. Basudeo Yadav also identified that the photograph to be of Ram janam Yadav \$/o late Sakhraj/ \$ri K.B. Singh obtained the voter-list of Makalpur village, wherein at Sl. no. 391 the father's name of Basdeo Yadav was found as Mukhlal. The enquiry was conducted by the Enquiry Officer duly appointed by the competent authority in which Basdeo Kumhar alias Basdeo Yaday fully participated along with his co-worker. During the enquiry the charge levelled against the concerned workman was established beyond doubt. Keepingt in view the report of the Enquiry Officer and bravity of the charges levelled against Basdeo Kumhar, he was dismissed from the services of the Company vide letter No. BCCL/BA/BGH/92 Dismissal/1194 dated 18-11-92 issued under the signature of Dy. C.M.E./Agent, Burragarh Colliery. It is evident from the report of the Enquiry Officer as well as Sri K.B.Singh, Security inspector that the concerned workman was neither Basdeo Kumhar nor Basdeo Yadav, but he was actually Ram Janam Yadav and got employment by impersonating the actual Basdeo Kumhar. It his submitted that the enquiry conducted by the Enquiry Officer is fair proper and in accordance with the principles of natural justice. The concerned workman was given full opportunity to establish his identrity, but he failed to prove.

It has been prayed that as award be passed in favour of the management.

4. The management has examined MW-1- Chandraket Narain Singh, who is posted as Personnel Manager at Dobari Colliery of Bastacola Area and in 1992 he was posted in Bhalgora area of BCCL, as Personnel Manager. He has proved Exts. M-1, M-2, M-3, M-4 and M-5.

The workman has examined WW-1- Basdeo Yadav, concerned workman, who has filed papers-cost Certificate, application dated 5-8-87, certificate granted by the Chhetrya Panchayet, Rajmanpur, Vikash Khandrasra (Balia), Voter-list dated 29-7-96 letter dated 24-8-93, letter of Abho Devi, Ex.-M-L-A and union's letter 1-9-1998.

The learned counsel of the management argued that the employee had been impersonating Basudeo Kumhar,he was charge-sheeted and after enquiry he was dismissed from service. The chargesheet which has been filed by the management, Ext.M-1 dated 16-1-92 shows that only 48 hours time was given to the workman for submission of his reply. It shows only giving 48 hours time. for submitting reply to the chargesheet is very short period. and it violates the principles of natural justice because proper time has to be given. In this respect in the case of Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co. Ltd. Vs. Tejvir Singh in Civil Appeal No. 985 of 1967 it has been laid down -Domestic enquiry- Principle of natural justice- Violation of- very short notice of date of enquiry. Another point which has been raised by the workmen representative that after enquiry report he has not been given so-cause notice. to give his reply. The order passed by the management, Ext. M-5 shows that no show-cause notice with enquiry report has been served to the concerned workman and the management's witness, MW-1 has stated in crossexamination that 'I do not re- collect if the copies were supplied to the concerned workman' In this respect the workman has referred 1999(2) PLJR 370 in which Honble High Court laid down copy of enquiry report must supplied to the employee before the order of punishment- nonsupply of report before imposition of penalty by the disciplinary authority would vittate the enquiry. In this respect Hon'ble Court has referred AIR 1987 SC 1605, AIR 1976 SC 1785. The workman has also referred I CLR 1991. SC 61 in which Hon'ble Supreme Court held that in disciplinary proceeding it is necessary to supply to delinquent copy of inquiry officer's report. It is within natural justice that the delinquent should be supplied a copy of enquiry report and entitled to the supply of a copy thereof. In 1963 (II) Lt.J-367 the Hon ble Supreme Court laid down that finding against the concerned workman based on report given by superior officers, such report not made available to the concerned workman and the officers making the report also not made available for cross-examination by the concerned workman at the domestic enquiry - Held in the ejecumstances vitiated by violation of principles of natural justice.

- 6. On the side of the management (2008) ISCC (L&S) 890 has been referred in which Hon'ble Supreme Court held that where two views are possible on evidence, Industrial Tribunal should be very slow in interfering with the finding arrived at in domestic enquiry. The management has also referred (2008) ISCC (L&S)-1 in which Hon'ble Supreme Court laid down that the workman removed from service had challenged only the conclusion reached by the Enquiry Officer and the quantum of punishment but not the legality or fairness of the enquiry proceedings, held Labour Court could not examine the findings of the enquiry officer and held that the charge was not proved.
- 7. Another ground which has been argued on behalf of the workman that Dasrath Singh, who is said to be the complainant, has not been examined during enquiry on which report the workman was dismissed from service. In this respect management's witness, MW-1 stated that 'I do not know who had made complaint was examined at the time of enquiry claiming himself as Bandeo Kumhar. I shows that the complainant has not been examined in the enquiry. so it cannot be said that a proper enquiry has been held against the concerned workman. The learned counsel for the workman argued that he has given his affidavit for change of name, but the management has not changed his name inspite of his request. Moreover, the photo copy has been filed which shows that Basdeo Yaday S/o Sakhrai Yaday has been mentioned of Village- Makhalpur, P.S. Rasara, P.O. Barasia, Distt. Balia (U.P.) and caste certificate dated 13-6-94 of the concerned workman, but this employee has not been examined by the Enquiry Officer.
- Learned counsel of the workman argued that his name has been entered in Form 'B' Register as Basdeo

Kumhar. The Form 'B'Register is written in English and the concerned workman is not literate person because as per his reply to the chargesheet which has been given on 17-1-92 that he only fixed his L.T.I, and in other paper also he has given L.T.I. It shows that the proceedings of the enquiry which have been conducted in English and Hindi have never been explained to the concerned workman and after completion he has given his L.T.I. In the Voter List which has been filed by the workman relating to enquiry shows that L.T.I. has been taken from the concerned workman, This Voter list cannot be accepted by the Tribunal regarding its contents.

- 9. As per discussion it shows that the complainant, Dasrath Singh has not been examined as witness and the complaint also not available on which chargesheet was issued to the concerned workman. Moreover, after chargesheet and after enquiry, Ext. M-1 shows also that the enquiry report has not been served before dismissal to the workman and as per Ext. M-5 which violates the principle of natural justice and against the judgement of Hon'ble Supreme Court.
- 10. Therefore, on the basis of materials available on record, I come to the conclusion that the action of the management in dismissing the concerned workman from service with effect from 18-11-1992 is not justified, hence the concerned workman deserves to be re-instated in service. But since as per records he has already crossed the age of superannuation in the year 2005, the concerned workman is entitled to 75% back wages from the date of his dismissal, i. e.18-11-1992 till the date of superannuation.

In the above manner the award is rendered.

H.M. SINGH, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 22 अक्तूबर, 2008

का आ 3103. - औद्यंगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार में. अलीटालिया एअरलाइस के प्रवधांत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण/श्रम न्यायालय संख्या-2, नई दिल्ली के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 71/1999) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 22-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-11012/84/98-आई आर(सी-1)] स्नेह सता जवास, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 22nd October, 2008

S.O. 3103.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 71/1999) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court No.2, New Delhi now as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the employers in relation to the management of M/s Alitalia Airlines and their

workman, which was received by the Central Government on 22-10-2008.

[No. L-11012/84/98-IR (C-I)]

SNEH LATA JAWAS, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT-II, RAJENDRA BHAWAN, GROUND FLOOR, RAJENDRA PLACE, NEW DELHI

15th October, 2008

LD. No. 71/1999

Ref No. L-11012/84/98-JR-C-J dt. 9-3-1999

In the matter of dispute between:

Sh. Shivaji Guha

Workman

Versus

M/s Alitalia Airlines

Management

CORRIGENDUM

- 1. That on page -1, in the title of the parties and terms of reference the name of the respondent Company ATLANTIA, be read as ALITALIA.
- 2. That in page -1 in the Last para end of the second tine after the words "That the" and before the Word Services, the words TERMINATION OF, is to be inserted.
- 3. That in the middle of second para at page-9, -"it is denied that the Claimant is NOT entitled to reinstatement in Job with full back wages or any other benefits or other Compensation or damages. The word NOT is to be omitted.
- 4. In the III- para from bottom of page-10 the Word 'Proceedins' be read as PROCEEDINGS.
- 5. Wherever the date of Settlement on page 11 & 12 mentioned as 13-5-1993 be read as 31-5-1993.

C.K. SINHA, Secy. to the Court

नई दिल्ली, 31 अक्तूबर, 2008

का,आ. 3104.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार स्टेट बँक ऑफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 137/1999) को प्रकाशित करती है, वो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/68/1999-आई आर (बी-1)] अजय क्मार, डेस्क अधिकारी New Delhi, the 31st October, 2008

S.O. 3104.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 137/1999) of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Kanpur as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of State Bank of India, and their workman, received by the Central Government on 31-10-2008.

[No.1-12012/68/1999-IR (B-I)]

AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI R.G. SHUKLA PRESIDING OFFICER CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, SHRAM BHAWAN ATI CAMPUS UDYOG NAGAR, KANPUR, INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE NO. 137 OF 1999

Industrial dispute between

The Deputy General Secretary
State Bank of India Staff Association SBI Building
Mall Road
Kanpur.

AND

The Assistant General Manager State Bank of India Zonal Office MG Marg Kanpur.

AWARD

1. The Central Government, MOL, New Delhi, vide notification no. L -12012/68/99-1R (B-l) dated 21-6-99 has referred the following dispute for adjudication to this tribunal.

"Whether the action of the management of State Bank of India, Kanpur in ordering stoppage of one increment to Sri Sarvesh Kumar Srivastava is legal and justified? If not to what relief the workman is entitled?"

2. It is not necessary to give full facts of the case as the instant case was identified to be decided through Lok Adalat. On 12-9-08, when the case was taken up for discussion in pretrial meeting of LOK ADALAT, tribunal's attention was drawn by the representative for the management towards the application moved by the representative for the union duly supported with an affidavit dated 17-4-08, and it was argued by the representative for the management that from a bare perusal of the application it is quite obvious that the union does not want to press the present claim and therefore has

requested to decide the case as not press. Tribunal has also given its anxious consideration to that application and find force in the arguments addressed upon by the representative for the management. Accordingly, the present dispute is decided as not pressed holding that the workman concern is not entitled for any relief as claimed by the union on his behalf.

Reference is answered accordingly against the workman and in favour of the bank.

R.G. SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 31 अवतुबर, 2008

का, आ. 3105.— औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार स्टेट वैंक ऑफ इंडियां के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 56/1998) को प्रकाशित करती है, दो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

> [सं. एल-12012/233/1997-आई आर (बी-1)] अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 31st October, 2008

S.O. 3105.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 56/1998) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Kanpur as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of State Bank of India, and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 31-10-2008.

[No. L-12012/233/1997-IR (B-I)]

AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI R. G. SHUKLA PRESIDING OFFICER CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, SHRAM BHAWAN ATI CAMPUS UDYOG NAGAR, KANPUR

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE NO. 56 OF 1998

In the matter of dispute between

Sri B.P. Mishra State Bank of India Karamchari Sangh K-46 Devendra Puri Kidwai Nagar Kanpur.

AND

The Regional Manager
State Bank of India Region - I
Zonal Office
The Mall
Kanpur.

AWARD

 Central Government, MOL, New Delhi, vide notification No. L -12012/233/97-IR (B-I) dated 12-4-98 has referred the following dispute for adjudication to this tribunal.

> KYA STATE BANK OF INDIA KE PRABANDHIAK DWARA SRI PADAMPAT ATMAJ SRI PRATAP SINGH DRIVER KO DINANK 9-9-96 SE NAUKARI SE NIKALA JANA UCHIT AVAM VAIDHANIK HAI? YADI NAHI TO SAMBANDHIT KARMKAR KIS ANUTOSH KE HAQDAR HAI?

- A bare look of the schedule of reference order clearly indicates that the union raising the dispute on behalf of the claimant is considering him as Driver and has also assailed his removal from the service of the State Bank of India with effect from 9-9-96 treating him as driver. But the union in paragraph (E) at page 4 of the statement of claim has clearly admitted that on 12-8-94, Sri B.N. Agnihotri a regular and permanent driver of the bank was posted at Pukhrayan Branch of the opposite party bank at the post of driver and he was asked to perform the job of peon cum messenger. The union in its entire statement of claim has not mentioned the made of payment to the claimant. Thus from the statement of claim and from the schedule it is quite clear that the workman on 9-9-96 was performing the job of driver in the opposite party bank and when he had not worked as such question of termination of the services of the claimant as driver does not arise at all.
- 3. In the statement of claim it is also pleaded that the claimant was engaged as driver on 22-10-92 and continued as such till 9-9-96, which fact prime-facie appears to be misconceived in the light of the statement given in para (D) and (E) of the statement of claim which are self explanatory and are not in consonance with the schedule of reference order.
- 4. It may also be pointed out that in the entire statement of claim the fact that the claimant was ever issued any appointment letter for the post of Driver after regular selection process of the bank has not been mentioned.
- 5. On the contrary the claim of the claimant has been assailed by the opposite party bank on a variety of grounds alleging that the services of the claimant was utilized on need basis and for the services rendered by the claimant bank paid contractual rates on daily rate basis and that there never existed relationship of master and servant between the contesting parties and that on this ground the claim of the union is liable to be rejected. It has also been claimed by the opposite party that the claimant was in the know of the fact from the very beginning that he is an adhoc employee of the bank and he has no right to the post.
- For the reasons discussed above, it is held that the claim of the workman is devoid of merit and is liable to be rejected and is hereby rejected.

7. Reference is answered accordingly against the workman.

R.G. SHUKLA, Presiding Officer

नई दिल्ली, 31 अ**वत्यर**, 2008

कर,आ, 3106.—औद्योगिक क्विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार स्टेट बैंक ऑफ इंडियां के प्रवंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण, कानपुर के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 25/2003) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

[सं. एल-12012/101/2002-आई आर (बी-1)] अजय कुमार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 31st October, 2008

S.O. 3106.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the award (Ref. No. 25/2003) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Kanpur as shown in the Annexure, in the Industrial Dispute between the management of State.Bank of India, and their workman, received by the Central Government on 31-10-2008.

[No. L-12012/101/2002-1R (B-I)] AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer

ANNEXURE

BEFORE SRI R.G. SHUKLA PRESIDING OFFICER CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, SHRAM BHAWAN ATI CAMPUS, KANPUR.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTE NO. 25 OF 2003

Industrial dispute between

Sri Narendra Kumar C/o Sri O.P. Mathur 117/K-36, Sarvodaya Nagar, Kanpur.

AND

The Deputy General Manager, State Bank of India, Zonal Office, The Mall, Kanpur.

AWARD

1. Central Government, MOL, New Delhi, vide Notification No. L-12012/101/2002-IR (B-J) dated 18th, July 2003, has referred the following dispute for adjudication to this tribunal:—

- 2. Whether the action of the management of State Bank of India in terminating the services of Sri Narendra Kumar Rathor w.e.f. Jan, 1991 and thereafter not considering him for reemployment while reemploying others including the recruitment of fresh hands is justified? If not, to what relief the applicant is entitled?
- 3. The case of the applicant is that he was appointed by the opposite party in subordinate cadre on June 1988, at banks Regional Office Mall Road, Kanpur, and that he was paid by the opposite party his full wages including allowances. He discharged the duties of peon under the opposite party. It is alleged by the applicant that he was appointed by the Regional Manager, after processing the relevant recruitment rules.
- 4. The applicant as against the above allegation pleads that he was assured by the authorities of the bank that he will be made permanent and regular but the employer in spite of the fact that there remained regular and permanent post did not offer the same to the workman. The opposite party bank dispensed with the services of the workman with effect from January 1991. It is pertinent to mention here that the date of termination of the workman has not been mentioned in the claim statement filed by him. The opposite party also invited applications from amongst open market and the applicant also applied for the same but he was not called for interview which smacks with malafide on the part of the opposite party and attracts the provisions of unfair labour practice. The workman has also pleaded in his petition that the regional manager at a subsequent stage has assured him that he will be made regular and permanent and that it will be ensured that he should be paid his wages at par to that of regular and permanent employee. It may be noted here that in view of his previous statement made in the opening paragraph of his statement of claim it. is quite clear that he was never appointed by the Regional Manager of the Bank as alleged by him.
- 5. It has further been pleaded by the workman that the opposite party have dispensed with the services of the workman in gross violation of the provisions of Section 25G and H ignoring the vital fact that juniors have been retained in service against the same job and that the opposite party have not provided any opportunity of reemployment at the time of providing fresh engagement to the others for the same job. It has also been pleaded by the workman that the management have dispensed with his services with effect from January 1991, which is highly illegal and unjustified and the workman is entitled to be reinstated in the services of the opposite party bank with full back wages and all consequential benefits along with consequential benefits.
- 6. As against the claim of the workman the management has filed their written reply disputing the claim of the workman on a number of grounds inter-alia that the

workman has never been subjected for regular selection against any regular and permanent post; that the workman has never been issued any appointment letter in his favour by the competent authority; that there never existed any relationship of employer and employee between the contesting parties; that the workman never performed the work of regular and permanent nature; that the provisions of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 are not applicable in the case of the workman as he was never the employee of the bank, that no officer or authority of the bank is empowered to appoint in contravention of recruitment rules. On the basis of above it has been prayed that the claim of the workman is devoid of merit and is liable to be rejected.

It may be pointed out that the instant case can be decided there is no need to discuss the evidence oral or documentary lead by the parties as the instant case can be decided only on the basis of pleadings of the parties. It is the own case of the workman that he was appointed by the Regional Manager of the Bank after interview and also it is the case of the workman that the Regional Manager further assured him that he will be given regular and permanent employment and that it will be ensured that he be paid regular pay including allowances. This admission on the part of the workman in his own pleadings would go to establish the fact that the workman had never been appointed by the Regional Manager of the bank, nor the workman has filed any such appointment order issued by the competent authority of the bank. In the absence of the same the Tribunal is of the firm opinion that the workman has palpably failed to establish the fact that he was appointed by the competent authority or the Regional Manager of the bank against the post against which he is laying his claim. It also emerges out from the own pleadings of the workman that there never existed relationship of employer and employee between him and the opposite party bank. Under these circumstances the tribunal has no hesitation in holding that there never existed any relationship of employer and employee between the contesting parties and when it so question of termination of his services by the opposite party or denying reemployment to him by the opposite party does not arise at all. Therefore, the provisions of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, are not applicable in the case of the workman. Moreover it may be pointed out that the provisions of the Act could not be made applicable in any case ipso facto like that of case of the workman unless it is pleaded that the provisions of service rules have been violated which are analogous to any of the provisions of the Act.

- 8. Therefore in view of the foregoing discussion it is held that the workman cannot be held entitled for any relief as claimed by him and the reference is liable to be decided against him and in favour of the opposite party.
- Accordingly it is held that the workman is not entitled for any relief as there is no relationship of master

and servant between him and the opposite party and that the provisions of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, are not applicable in his case.

 Reference is decided accordingly against the workman and in favour of the opposite party.

> R. G. SHUKLA, Presiding Officer नई दिल्ली, 31 अस्तुबर, 2008

का.आ. 3'07.—औद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की भारा 17 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार, स्टेट बैंक आंफ इंडिया के प्रबंधतंत्र के संबद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच, अनुबंध में निर्दिष्ट औद्योगिक विवाद में केन्द्रीय सरकार औद्योगिक अधिकरण इस्ताकुलय के पंचाट (संदर्भ संख्या 165, 138, 141, 144, 156/2006) को प्रकाशित करती है, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार को 31-10-2008 को प्राप्त हुआ था।

(सं. एल-12011/29/2000-आई. आर. (बी-1), मं. एल-12012/191/2001-आई. आर. (बी-1), सं. एल-12012/188/2001-आई. आर. (बी-1), सं. एल-12012/190/2001-आई. आर. (बी-1), सं. एल-12012/189/2001-आई. आर. (बी-1)] अजर्य क्मार, डेस्क अधिकारी

New Delhi, the 31st October, 2008

S.O. 3107.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the Award (Ref. No. 165, 138, 141, 144, 156/2006) of Central Government Industrial Tribunal-cum-Labour Court, Emakulam as shown in the Annexure in the industrial dispute between the management of State Bank of India, and their workmen, received by the Central Government on 31-10-2008.

[No. L-12011/29/2000-IR (B-1), No. L-12012/191/2001-IR (B-1), No. L-12012/188/2001-IR (B-1), No. L-12012/190/2001-IR (B-1), No. L-12012/189/2001-IR (B-1)] AJAY KUMAR, Desk Officer ANNEXURE

IN THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT, ERNAKULAM PRESENT

Shri P.L. Norbert, B.A., LL.B., Presiding Officer Friday, the 18th day of July, 2008 ID-165/06, ID-138/06, ID-141/06, ID-144/06 and ID-156/06

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(1,D. 100/2000 of Industrial Tribunal, Kollam)

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- According to the management due to urgent needs several branches of the bank had to engage temporary messengers in leave vacancies purely on temporary basis. Such temporary employees were numerous and they were demanding permanent employment. Their grievance was taken up by the union by making representation to the management. The management entered into a settlement with the union regarding the vacancies of messengers and the modality of absorbing temporary messengers. There was such a settlement in 1987, 1991 and 1995. In the last settlement it was agreed that the panel of temporary employees show o be kept alive up to March 1997 and the vacancies that existed up to 31-12-94 should be filled up. There was another agreement between union and bank on 30-67-1996. As per that settlement also the union agreed to recentle in vacancies of messengers up to 31-12-94 and to fill up above vacancies out of wait list by 31-03-97. The union cannot turn around and say that after 31-03-97 also the candidates in the wait list should be absorbed. The panel lapsed on 31-03-97 in accordance with the settlement. The head office of the bank had sanctioned 214 posts of messengers. As per the direction of Government of India 25% of the messenger vacancies were to be filled up from among eligible full time general attendance. Out of 214 vacancies after earmarking 25%, the remaining vacancies were 160. Out of it 4 vacancies were reserved for Schedule Tribe candidates. Thus the remaining vacancies available for appointment from the select list was only 156. All the 156 vacancies were filled by appointing candidates from the wait list. The bank has implemented the settlement. The bank has discontinued the service of temporary employees as on 31-03-1997 in terms of the settlement and it is not a retrenchment.
- 6. In the light of the above contentions the following points arise for consideration:—
 - Are all the candidates in the select list entitled to be absorbed?
 - 2. Has the management violated the terms of various settlements in the matter of absorption of temporary messengers?
 - 3. Whether the termination of service of temporary employees legal?
 - 4. Reliefs.

The evidence consists of oral testimony of WW-1 to and documentary evidence of Exts. W-1 to W-26 on the side of the union and MW 1 and Exts. M-1 to M-17 on the side of the management.

7. Points No. 1 and 2: —State Bank of india engaged temporary employees all over its branches in india to meet urgent needs arising out of leave vacancies, workloadese. In course of time such temporary employees started

demanding absorption. The union took up the matter with the management. The management discussed the issues with the union and arrived , a settlements at different intervals. The first settlement ways on 17-11-187 (Ext. M1). In the said settlement betwe on the union and the management they agreed to e ategorise temporary employees into 3 groups according to the length of their services. The 2nd settlement was on 16-07-188 (Ext. M2). There was slight modification of the Virst sendement. The 3rd settlement was on 27-10-188 (Ex. t. M.3). That too contained only slight modification of the carly settlements. The 4th settlement was on 09-01-191 (E xt M-4). It was decided in Ext. M-4 settlement to prepare separate panels of temporary employees (scale wagers) and casual employees (daily wagers). It was also decide d to consider temporary employees for absorption in vacanchies likely to arise up to 31-12-94 and casual employees up $\sqrt{6.1095-96}$. Thereafter there was a conciliation in the presence of Regional Labour Commissioner, Hyderabad on t 19-06-95. The minutes of the conciliation proceedings is E. VI. M-5. The parties came to an understanding in the said conciliation that strength of messengers will be ass ressed as on 31-12-94 and all the vacancies till then will be filk $^{*d}\Psi$ latest by 31-03-97. It was also agreed that both panel, \$ Of temporary and casual employees will be kept alive will 31-03-97. In pursuance to Ext. M-5 conciliation there was a 5th settlement on 30-07-96 (Ext. M 6). Ext. W 9 is a panel of 5 223 temporary messengers. Ext. W-10 is a supplementary list of temporary messengers for filling vacancies arising due to dropouts. These temporary employees in Ext. W-9 and 16 were selected after an interview. Though the panel of temporary employees numbering 223 was approved by the head office of the bank for the purpose of absorption the suplementary list of 34 employees were not approved as there were enough candidates in Ext. W9 list (223) to iii. up the available vacancies. For the same reason the panel of casual employees was also not approved and it was done in consultation with the union. This can be seen from Ext. M-9. The local head office of the bank at Chenna: sanctioned 214 posts of messengers by Ext. M-10 order. Ext. M7 is a computer print out prepared at the head office. showing the existing number of messengers, permissible number of messengers, surplus or deficit posts up to 31-12-94. As per Ext. M7 as on 31-12-94 the number of messengers in service in the Trivandrum, module were 233. The permissible number of messengers were 358 and the deficit was 125. This was the position as on 31-12-94. These 125 vacancies had to be filled up latest by 31-03-97. According to the management out of 125 posts to be filled. up 4 were reserved for S, Γ , candidates and 25% were to be earmarked for general attendance in service of the bank. Remaining alone could be filled up from among the select list. All the 125 vacancies were filled by 31-03-1997. Thereafter approved list of 223 temporary messengers. lapsed and none of the remaining candidates in the panel

could be considered for absorption after 31-03-1997.

8. However, according to the union the vacancies were not properly assessed by the management. They floored the terms of Settlements There were sufficient vacancies of messengers to accommodate all the temporary messengers in Ext. W-9 and 10 panels (223 and 34). The actual vacancy as on 51-12-94 was not 125 but 214. The learned counsel for the union points out the admission of management in Ext. W-23 and 24 letters that there were vacancies still to be filled up as on 31-03-97. Ext. W-25 is a letter from Zocal Office, Chennai which says that 65 vacancies were still to be filled up even after 31-03-97. The Zonal Office by Ext. W-23 was clarifying the position with regard to vacancies and seeking instruction us to the stand to be taken by the bank in O.P. that was pending before Hon'ble High Court of Kerala. Ext. W-24 is a similar fetter. dated 19-05-97 pointing out the discrepancy regarding vacancies of messengers reported by Zonal Office and the computer printout of vacancies prepared by local Head Office, Chennai concerning Trivandrum module. While the letter of Zonal Office dated 12-07-1995 referred in Ext. W-24 shows vacancies as 212, the computer printout (Ext. M7) shows vacancies as 125 in respect of Trivandrum module. Hence the Zonal office was seeking clarification. by Exts. W-23 and 24 regarding discrepancy concerning **vacancies and the** stand to be taken by the bank in O(P). It is also contended by the learned counsel for the union that at any rate in view of the contention of the management in the reply statement para 9, that there were 214 sanctioned posts, out of which 25% was carmarked for general attendance, 4 vacancies were reserved for S.T. candidates and the remaining 156 vacancies were filled out of the wait. list, the submission now made that there were only 125 vacancies to be filled up to 31-12-94, cannot be countenanced. The union also challenges the contention of the management that 25% of the vacancies is to be set apart to general attendance. The very letters sent from the Zonal Office to local Head Office Exts, W-23 and 24 reveal. that someone had gone wrong in calculating vacancies. **which compelled the Zona**] Office to write the above letters. to the Head Office. The O.P. was disposed by the Hon ble High Court of Kerala with a direction to approach the appropriate forum to determine the actual number of vacancies and to settle the issue.

9. The management reiterates that Ext. M7 computer printout showing branch wise strength of messengers in Trivandrum module as on 31-12-94, prepared by local Head Office Chennai, is 125 and it is the correct figure. According to the learned counsel for the management Ext M-8 circular of the bank described the manner in which the strength of messengers in each branch or office has to be calculated. According to Ext. M8 circular when strength of messengers is determined as grouportion to the staff strength in each office, the anging station for to be done at the upper end of the stab that is as as at an office is

having a staff strength of 6, 12 or 18 the strength of messengers should be 2, 3 or 4. However, according to the learned counsel the Zonal Office. Trivandrum by mistake reckoned the lower end of the slab instead of upper end, for determining the strongth of messengers. As a result the strength of messengers was calculated as 212 up to 31-12-94 instead of 125. However the correct figure is 125 only as per Ext. M-7 computer printout. MW-1 the Chief Manager of the bank has given evidence regarding the discrepancy in the calculation of vancancy (pages 7 and 8 of MW-1). It is relevant to note that despite the fact that the union was in possession of Exis. W-23 and 24 documents, which according to the union discloses more vacancies than admitted by the management, they did not point out this fact either in the claim statement or in the rejoinder filed in response to the written statement of the management, FAL. M-6 settlement says that modalities of drawing names from the panel of temporary employees and casual employees. would be decided administratively on circle to circle basis. depending upon the local requirements in consultation. with the union by the circle management. Therefore it was the duty of the management to determine the actual vacancy up to 31-12-94 and intimate the same to the union, This was followed by the management. It is to be noted that the management bank has been liberal in relaxing the norms of recruitment to the post of messengers for the purpose of accommodating the temporary employees. The management does not stand to gain by excluding a few of] the candidates in the panel. The union is attempting to take advantage of the discrepancy in letters of the zonal. office, Exis. W-23 and 24 and claim more posts of messengers. But the management contends that the number of vancacies mentioned in Ext. W-24 is a mistake and clarifies. bow it had happened. I do not think that anything is done by the management purposely to deny employment to any one.

10. Yet another contention of the union is that it is against the terms of Bipartite Settlement that the management had earmarked 25% of the vacancy to general attendance. But the management relied on Ext. M-16 and 17 memoranda of the Ministry of Finance that 25% of vacancy of Peons is to be earmarked for general attendance. But the Jearned counsel for the union submits that the O. Ms. of the department of Personnal and AR is adressed to Ministries and Departments and not to banks. Therefore O. Ms. have no application to banks. Ext. M-16 and 17 O. Ms. of the Government say that 25% of the vacancies of Peons have to be earmarked for sweepers. Farashes, Chowkidars etc. who have put in minimum of 5 years? service. In view of the O. Ms. the bank issued Egt. M-10. circular stating that the Government has issued guidelines. to public sector banks that 05% of the vacancies of messengers should be reserved for sweepers. Farashes, Chowkidars etc. The union has produced Ext. W-26 letter of the Ministry of Finance dated 06-08-90 addressed to

Chief Executives of all public sector banks which says that to tackle the problem of temporary employees in public sector banks the Government in consultation with the Ministry of Labour has worked out an approach paper. A copy of the approach paper was forwarded along with Ext. W-26 letter to banks and banks were asked to follow the provisions in the approach paper. The learned counsel on the basis of Ext. W-26 submits that Exts. M-16 and 17 were not addressed to banks unlike Ext. W-26 and therefore the bank cannot resort to the direction in the said O. Ms. and reserve 25% of vacancy to general attendance. It is to be noted that Clause 6(i) of the approach paper attached to Ext. W-26 itself says that the vacancies for absorbing the temporary employees who are finally approved will be identified by the management within the norms prescribed by the Ministry of finance and test/interview will be conducted. Therefore it is not correct to say that Ext. W-26 and the approach paper are the last word regrding absorption of temporary employees.

 That apart S.B.I. is a public sector bank owned. and controlled by Government of India through a Central Board which is constituted as per the procedure laid down in State Bank of India Act, 1955. Section 17 to 20 relate to management of affairs and business of SBI through Central Board, discharge of functions of the bank as guided by directions of Central Government, composition of Central Board, term of office of Chairman, Vice Chairman and Managing Directors. As per the above provisions the Superintendence and direction of the affairs and business of State bank are entrusted to Central Board. The Central Board is guided by the directions of Central Government. The Central Board consists of a Chairman, a Vice-Chairman, one or two management Directors and Directors. Atl these persons are appointed by Central Government except one Director nominated by Reserve Bank and maximum four Directors from among share holders other than Reserve Bank. As per S, 20 the term of office of Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Managing Directors and Directors are decided by the Central Government except in the case of directors electred from among share holders other than Reserve Bank, Section 24 says that the Central Government is competent to remove Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Managing Director or Directors except the Directors elected by share holders other than Reserve Bank. Section 49 says that the Central Government in consultation with Reserve Bank may make rules to provide for all matters for which provision is necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Act and such Rules shall be notified in the official gazette. S. 50 relates to power of Central Board to make regulations after consulting Reserve Bank and with the previous sanction of Central Government. Matters regarding which regulations are required, are enumerated in sub-clause 2(a) to (u) of Section 50. Thus the provisions of the Act make it clear that State Bank of India is owned and controlled and guided by Government

of India. Day to-day affairs are done by the Central Board which is regulated and controlled by Central Government. Hence the contention of the learned counsel for the union, that Ext. M-16 and 17 office memoranda of Government of India are not applicable to the management bank, is without merits. The bank had issued Ext. M-10 circular keeping in view the directions in Ext. M-16 and 17 O. Ms. Whether the Bipartite settlements contain any provision with regard to reservation of vacancy to any particular category of candidates or not, the bank is bound to follow the directions of Government. The management bank has no reason to comply with a direction in an O.M. of Government when it is not meant to banks especially when it is guided and directed by a hierarchy of officials and by Reserve Bank as well as Central Government. Therefore there is no merit in the contention of union that Ext. M-16 & 17 O. Ms, which require bank to earmark 25% of vacancies of messengers. to general attendance, are not applicable to S.B.1.

- 12. The contention of the union, that all the enlisted persons in the panel should be appointed to the post of messengers, is equally untenable. The fact that some of the candidates are selected and enrolled in the panel will not confer on them any right for employment. Since this proposition is not disputed by the union it is unnecessary to go into the decisions cited by the learned counsel for the management, but suffice to merely mention them.
 - Sankarason Das v. Union of India AIR 1991 SC 1612.
 - (2) Syndicate Bank v. Sankar Paul (1997) 6 SCC 384 -
 - (3) Sanjay B v. Union of India (1977) 1 SCC 283.

As per the settlement the panel of temporary employees lapsed by 31-3-97. Thereafter the remaining candidates in the panel cannot have any right to claim absorption or employment in the management bank. The settlements are binding on both parties. There were 125 vacancies of messengers iill 31-12-94 and they were filled up by 31-03-97. The remaining persons in the panel are not entitled for appointment as all the available vacancies up to 31-12-94 were filled up. The management has not violated any terms of settlements.

13. Point No. 3:—The service of 84 workmen were admittedly dispensed with after 31-03-97. This is not disputed. Ext. W-12, 13 and 16 are some of the termination orders. According to the union all the workers had put in continuous service of more than 240 days in an year. But they were terminated without notice and compensation in accordance with the provisions of I.D. Act. According to the management the workers were engaged purely on temporary basis. Whenever their periods of service were completed they were relieved. The management denies continuous service of 240 days. The learned counsel for the management submits that the burden is on the union to prove continuous service of 240 days in order to claim the

benefits of LD, Act, To support his contention the leasest counsel relied on the decision of Hon'ble Supreme Class. in Mohanlal v. Bharath Electricals Limited AIR 1981 🔗 1261. Exts. W3(1) is a certificate (safed by the managers) of to Sri. Sasidharan staring that he had worked for a person of 1217 days during 01-04-97 to 20-08-2000. Ext. Well Survey contain certificates (speed by management to Shre K. N. Sunit regarding his service or bank during different inters at The last of such certificate is dated 23-10-2000. It shows: that he had worked 1954 days during the period 01-64-90 ga 20-08-2000. Similarly W-18 series contain correfication regarding service of Sri. G. Soman. Among them certific as dated 23-10-2000 mentions that he had worked (2) or just during the period 01/04-1997 to 20-08-2006. No doubt at per these certificates these 3 workmen had works **continuously** for a period of more than 240 days in each of But it is to be noted that O P. 9092-97 was pending being the Hon'ble High Court of Kerola filed by these 3 workin it and 12 others claiming absorption in the post messengers. The O.P. was pending till 22:03-2000, The co was a stay order bot to temporate the service of these workers. Hence they were continuing as temporous **employees.** This is clear from the termination order $\operatorname{Fxt}(\nabla)$ 12, 13 and 16. Thus the workmen were continuing of employment as temporary employees during the period 19-97-2000. Hence that period of service rendered on the strength of court order cannot be counted for the purpos. of continuous service defined by S. 25-B of J.D. Act. The se service during the test of the periods evidenced by Fig. W3 series, 15 series and 18 series were not continuous but intermittent and none had worked continuously for East days during any year much less preceding termination The service details of remaining \$1 employers are not available as they are furnished and the burden is on the workman to prove continuous service. It follows thereto: that they are not confided to the benefits u/s, 25-F of it. I.D. Act. Hence I find that there is no illegality in the termination of their service.

14. Point No. 4:— In view of the above findings is follows that none of the workers are entitled either for absorption or for notice or compensation under Section 25-F of LD. Act or any other relief.

In the result, an award is passed finding that the action of the management in terminating the services of § § empanelled temporary messengers is legal and justifical and they are not entitled for any relief

The award will come into force one month after its publication in the Official Gazette.

Dictated to the Personal Assistant, transcribed and typed by her, corrected and passed by me on this the 18th day of July, 2008.

P. J. NORBERT, Prosiding Officer

APO ADIX

Witnesses for the Workman Union					
$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{W}$	1 02-12-2003	Sri . it (Sasidharan)			
$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{W}$	2 06-07-2 0 04	Sri i ii Surd.			
$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{W}$	3 06-07 -20 04	Srt . (1) soutan.			
WW	4 07-12- 200 4	Sur, V. o. Sidharthan.			
Witn	esses for the m	ianagement			
MW	l 21-02-2007	Ser Ald John			
Exhib	its for the Uni	on/Workerste			
₩ 1	04-11-80	Photo (ii) copy of OM No. 541 issued to the Monagement to Sri P. Sasog and			
612	08-05-81	Photosia. Topy of service certificate issued to See Management to Sri. P. Sasidhot.:			
W3	H Nos.	Photosiaty, ps of service certificates issued by the Management to Sri P. Sasidha on.			
W 4	17-11-87	Photos: so copy of settlement between about an anagement.			
W 5	16-07-88	Photosical copy of settlement between actors and management.			
W 6	27-10-88	Photostac copy of settlement between taken and Management.			
W 7	09-01-91	Photostal copy of settlement between norm and Management.			
W 8	07-07-89	Photostat copy of O.M. No. 523 issued by management to Sri. P. Sasish and			
W 9	27-02-92	Photosta, any of List comaining names of AB temporary messengers			
W 10	13-05-95	Photost $(-\phi y)$ of J ist containing the names $\phi (+1)$ emporary messengers.			
WH	30-07-96	Photostan copy of settlement between amon and Management.			
W 12	24-08-00	Photostac copy of communication issued by management to Sri. P. Sasidharan.			
W 13	24-08-00	Photostal supplied communication issued by pronagement to Sri. K.S. Smil.			
W 14	06-10-9 8	Photostal copy of letter No. Misc. 267 issued by management to			

Srí, K.S. Sascil

Sri K. S. Hook

issued i

Photostiat copy of service certificates.

Management to

(be

W 15 series (13 Nos.)

[भाग <u>]</u>	<u>—ৰুড 3(ii)]</u>	भारत का राजपत्र : नवस्वर 22	, 2008/3	नप्रहायण । <u>, । ५</u>	730 8197
W-16	24-8-00	Photostat copy of communication issued by management to	M2	16-7-88	Photostat copy of settlement between union and management.
W-17	3-7 -89	Sri. G. Soman. Photostat copy of letter No. DGM-12	M 3	27-10-88	Photostat copy of settlement between union and management.
		issued by the management to Sri G. Soman.	M4	9-1-91	Photostat copy of settlement between union and Management.
W-18	Series	Photostat copy of service certificates issued by management to Sri. G. Soman.	MS	9-6-95	Photostat copy of minutes of conciliation before the RLC(C), Hyderabad.
W-19	9-6-95	Photostat copy of minutes of conciliation proceedings before the RLC(C), Hyderabad.	M6	30-7-96	Photostat copy of settlement between union and management.
	31-12-72	Photostat copy of page No. 174, 175 and 176 of the staff circulars issued by the management.	М7	31-12-94	Computer print out of branch wise strength of messenger in Trivandrum module of SBI issued by the Chennai Circle.
W-21	24-4-91	Photostat copy of staff circular N66 (91-92) issued by the General Manager (Operations) State Bank of	M8	9-11-92	Photostat copy of staff circular No. 28.
W-22	24-3-97 Series	India. Photostat copy of letter No. PER/ SUB/DS/8532 from Local Head Office, State Bank of India and 2 enclosures	М9	5-6-97	Photostat copy of letter No. PER:GB: 1697 issued by the SBI Local Head Office, Chennal to the Zonal Office, Trivandrum.
W-23	14-5-97	Photostat copy of letter No. PER/ 00218/71 issued by General Manager,	M-IÛ	27-9-90	Photostat copy of Staff Circular No. 24.
		Zonal Office, SBI, Trivandrum of the Local Head Office, Chennal.	M-t I	21-4-97	Photostat copy of minutes of conciliation before the RLC (C),
W-24	19-5-97	Photostat copy of letter No. PER/ 00252/80 issued by the Dy. General	34.13	16-2-95	Hyderabad. Photostat copy of placement sheet.
		Manager, SBI, Zonal Officer,		28-2-96	Photostat copy of Letter No.
		Trivandrum to the Local Head Office, Chennai.	N-13	28-2- 3 0	PER:SUB:RM. 8035 issued by the SBI, Local Head Office.
W-25	16-11-05	Photostat copy of letter No. PER:SUB:RM 5605 issued by the Local Head Office, SBI, Chennai to the Zonal Office.	M-14	27-1-07	Photostat copy of Letter No. PER:SUB;RM 7156 issued by the SBI Local Head Office.
W-26	6-8-90	Photostat copy of letter No. F-3/3/ 104/87. IR of the M/o. Finance, Government of India issued to the Chief Executives of all Public Sector	M-15	19-5-07	Lr. No. PER/00252/80 issued by the Circle Development Officer, SBI. Chennai to the Zonal Office, SBI, Trivandrum.
era la et	ta_ #at _ ## .	Banks.	M-16	16-1-76	O. M. No. 42015/3/75-Estt(C) of the Department of personnel & AR.
	its for the Ma 17-11-87	nagement Photostat copy of settlement	M.17	2-2-77	O. M. No. 42015/1/76-Estt(C) of the
Ml	11-11-01	between union and management.	141-11	''	Department of Personnel & AR.

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